Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
21st floor, DLF Square, Jacaranda Marg,
DLF Phase II, Gurugram 122002

G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Malwal Road, Ferozepur City,
Punjab 152002, India

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2025, and its loss (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Director Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

The Director Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

G.D. SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ PRN 017648N FEROZEPUR CITY

Chartered Accountants

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Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

7. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

9. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

   - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;

   - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;

   - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;

   - Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such

disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

11. Based on our audit, we report that the Company has not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable.

12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

13. Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;

b) Except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;

c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;

d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;

e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;

f) The qualification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 13(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);

g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2025 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and

h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company, as detailed in note 43 to the financial statements, has disclosed the impact of pending litigation(s) on its financial position as at 31 March 2025;

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ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2025;

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2025;

iv.

a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in note 50 to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in note 50 to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year ended 31 March 2025.

G.D. SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRN : 017648N FEROZEPUR CITY

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vi. As stated in note 51 to the financial statements and based on our examination which included test checks, except for instance mentioned below, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2024, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with other than the consequential impact of the exception given below. Furthermore, except for instances mentioned below, the audit trail has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

Nature of exception noted	Details of Exception
Instances of accounting software for maintaining books of account for which the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software	The audit trail feature was not enabled at the database level for accounting software to log any direct data changes, used for maintenance of all accounting records by the Company.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Tarun Gupta
Partner
Membership No.: 507892
UDIN: 25507892BMNSNN9336
Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For **G.D. Singhal & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership No.: 098947
UDIN: 25098947BMLZMV8693
Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

(i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress.

(B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Order') is not applicable to the Company.

(b) The property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification programme adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.

(c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties held by the Company (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), disclosed in note 3 to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company. For title deeds of immovable properties in the nature of land situated at Village Channu, District Muktsar with gross carrying values of Rs. 21.93 million as at 31 March 2025, which have been mortgaged as security for loans or borrowings taken by the Company, confirmations with respect to title of the Company have been directly obtained by us from the respective lenders.

(d) The Company has adopted cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.

(ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the year. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed as compared to book records.

(b) As disclosed in note 35 to the financial statements, the Company has been sanctioned a working capital limit in excess of Rs. 50.00 million, by bank on the basis of security of current assets. Pursuant to the terms of the sanction letter, the Company is not required to file any quarterly return or statement with such bank.

(iii) The Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to firms, limited liability partnerships during the year. The Company has also not provided any guarantee or security, to companies during the year. Further, the Company has made investments in and granted unsecured loans to Companies during the year, in respect of which:

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Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (continued)

(a) The Company has provided loans during the year as per details given below:

Particulars	Loans * Rs. In millions
Aggregate amount provided during the year - Subsidiaries (including fellow subsidiaries)	9,643.20
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date - Subsidiaries (including fellow subsidiaries)	9,643.20

*The amounts are without considering the effect of fair valuation of loan as per Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments: Recognition, Measurement, and Derecognition"

(b) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the investments made and terms and conditions of the grant of all loans provided are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.

(c) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal and the payment of the interest has not been stipulated and accordingly, we are unable to comment as to whether the repayments/receipts of principal interest are regular.

(d) In the absence of stipulated schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest in respect of loans, we are unable to comment as to whether there is any amount which is overdue for more than 90 days. Reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of such principal amounts and interest.

(e) In respect of loans granted by the Company, the schedule of repayment of principal has not been stipulated. Further, no interest is receivable on such loan. According to the information and explanation given to us, such loans have not been demanded for repayment as on date.

(f) The Company has granted loans which are repayable on demand or period of repayment, as per details below:

Particulars	All Parties	Promoters	Related Parties
Aggregate of loans/advances in nature of loan - Repayable on demand (A) - Agreement does not specify any terms or period of repayment (B)	9,643.20 -	- -	9,643.20 -
Total (A+B)	9,643.20	-	9,643.20
Percentage of loans/advances in nature of loan to the total loans	100%	-	100%

(iv) The Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 of the Act. As the Company is engaged in providing infrastructural facilities as specified in Schedule VI of the Act, provisions of section 186 except sub-section (1) of the Act are not applicable to the Company. In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 186 of the Act in respect of investments, as applicable.

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Chartered Accountants

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Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (continued)

(v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(vi) The Central Government has specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act in respect of the products of the Company. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government for the maintenance of cost records and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

(vii)(a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that there are no statutory dues referred to in subclause (a) above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except for the following:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Gross Amount (Rs. In million)	Amount paid under Protest (Rs. In million)#	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	19.83	3.97	AY 2018-2019	ITAT
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	12.09	6.75	AY 2019-2020	Assessing Officer

The Department has adjusted Rs. 3.87 million, Rs. 2.11 million and Rs. 7.67 million against the refund order received for Assessment Year 2020-2021, 2024-2025 and 2023-2024 dated 20 March 2024, 12 December 2024 and 25 March 2024 respectively for Assessment Year 2019-2020.

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of accounts.

(ix) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us including representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.

(d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have not been utilised for long term purposes except for borrowings amounting to Rs. 7.60 million which has been utilised for capital expenditure.

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (continued)

(e) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries (including fellow subsidiaries), except for the following:

Nature of fund taken	Name of lender	Amount involved (Rs. In million)	Name of the subsidiary	Relation	Nature of transaction for which funds were utilised	Remarks, if any
Term Loan	SAEL Limited	4,220.00	SAEL Solar MHP1 Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Capital Expenditure	
Term Loan	SAEL Limited	3,370.70	SAEL Solar MHP2 Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Capital Expenditure	
Term Loan	SAEL Limited	2,044.50	Sunfree Energy Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Capital Expenditure	
Term Loan	SAEL Limited	2,056.09	SAEL Solar P9 Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Capital Expenditure	
Term Loan	7.8% Senior Secured Notes Maturing 2031	249.71	SAEL Solar P9 Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Capital Expenditure	
Term Loan	7.8% Senior Secured Notes Maturing 2031	2,305.80	SAEL Solar P10 Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	Capital Expenditure	

(f) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary.

(x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (continued)

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.

(xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company, with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to constitute an audit committee under section 177 of the Act.

(xiv)(a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business as required under the provisions of section 138 of the Act.

(b) We have considered the reports issued by the Internal Auditors of the Company till date for the period under audit.

(xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

(xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(d) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any Core Investment Companies (CIC).

(xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs. 163.52 million in the current financial year but had not incurred cash losses in the immediately preceding financial year.

(xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information in the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (continued)

(xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not meet the criteria as specified under sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and according, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Tarun Gupta
Partner
Membership No.: 507892
UDIN: 25507892BMNSNN9336
Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For **G. D. Singhal & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership No.: 098947
UDIN: 25098947BMLZMV8693
Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited ('the Company') as at and for the year ended 31 March 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements.





Chartered Accountants

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2025 (continued)

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2025, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Tarun

Tarun Gupta
Partner
Membership No.: 507892
UDIN: 25507892BMNSNN9336
Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For **G.D. Singhal & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 017648N

PRN : 017648N FEROZEPUR CITY

Gagandeep Singhal
Partner
Membership No.: 098947
UDIN: 25098947BMLZMV8693
Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited
CIN- U40100PB2005PTC028850
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2025
(All amounts in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Assets			
Non current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	3	1,685.20	272.56
Capital work-in-progress	4	9.18	1,158.64
Financial assets			
Investments	5	4,748.59	135.63
Loans	6	2,828.06	334.55
Other financial assets	7	298.60	20.00
Non-current tax assets (net)	8	2.35	3.12
Other non current assets	9	65.50	181.71
Total non current assets		**9,637.48**	**2,106.21**
Current assets			
Inventories	10	177.79	360.40
Financial assets			
Investments	11	0.64	0.60
Trade receivables	12	73.81	136.51
Cash and cash equivalents	13	92.41	25.86
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above	14	-	91.57
Loans	6	8.00	195.72
Other financial assets	15	47.31	17.09
Other current assets	16	132.00	34.90
Total current assets		**531.96**	**862.65**
Total assets		**10,169.44**	**2,968.86**
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	17	281.42	281.42
Other equity	18	2,030.01	752.07
Total equity		2,311.43	1,033.49
Liabilities			
Non current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	19	6,777.81	1,519.25
Provisions	20	4.80	8.99
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	21	347.97	43.77
Total non current liabilities		**7,130.58**	**1,572.01**
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	22	592.66	250.65
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		1.04	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	23	5.12	15.14
Other financial liabilities	24	121.99	89.19
Other current liabilities	25	4.36	2.87
Provisions	26	2.26	5.51
Total current liabilities		**727.43**	**363.36**
Total liabilities		7,858.02	1,935.37
Total equity and liabilities		10,169.44	2,968.86
Summary of material accounting policy information	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements			

As per our report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Tarun Gupta
Partner
Membership no. 507892

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 017648N
FRN : 017648N
FEROZEPUR CITY

Gagan Deep Singhal
Proprietor
Membership no. 098947

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited

Sukhbir Singh
Director
DIN: 01785240

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Satinder Kaur Bedi
Additional Director
DIN: 07087936

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Puja Gupta
Company Secretary
Membership no. A75455

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited
CIN- U40100PB2005PTC028850
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended on 31 March 2025
(All amounts in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Income			
Revenue from operations	27	653.25	657.62
Other income	28	218.83	39.58
Total income		**872.08**	**697.20**
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	29	279.09	366.29
Employee benefits expense	30	42.44	62.57
Finance costs	31	473.35	118.91
Depreciation expense	32	66.51	62.57
Other expenses	33	177.60	132.09
Total expenses		**1,038.99**	**742.43**
Loss before tax and exceptional items for the year		**(166.91)**	**(45.23)**
Exceptional items	45	63.13	-
Loss before tax for the year		**(230.04)**	**(45.23)**
Tax expense	21		
Tax pertaining to earlier period		19.96	(3.43)
Deferred tax		(61.93)	(11.16)
Total tax expense		**(41.97)**	**(14.59)**
Loss for the year		**(188.07)**	**(30.64)**
Items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss and their related income tax effects			
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		6.95	1.31
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(1.93)	(0.37)
Items that are or will be reclassified to profit or loss and their related income tax effects			
Effective portion of gains and losses on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge		79.13	
Effective portion of gains and losses on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge reclassified to profit and loss		(56.89)	-
Cost of hedging - changes in fair value		(77.84)	
Cost of hedging - reclassified to profit or loss		30.59	-
Income tax relating to items that will reclassified to profit or loss		6.50	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		**(13.49)**	**0.94**
Total comprehensive income for the year		**(201.56)**	**(29.71)**
Earnings per equity share (nominal value of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid up)			
Basic and diluted earning per share	38	**(6.68)**	**(1.09)**
Summary of material accounting policy information	2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements			

As per our report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Tarun Gupta
Partner
Membership no. 507892

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 017648N

FRN : 017648N
FEROZEPUR CITY

Gagan Deep Singhal
Proprietor
Membership no. 098947

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited

Sukhbir Singh
Director
DIN: 01785240

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Satinder Kaur Bedi
Additional Director
DIN: 07087936

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Puja Gupta
Company Secretary
Membership no. A75455

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited
CIN- U40100PB2005PTC028850
Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
A CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss before tax		(230.04)	(44.29)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation expense	32	66.51	62.57
Finance costs	31	473.35	118.91
Interest income on bank deposits	28	(5.49)	(7.64)
Interest income on loan to related parties	28	(186.89)	-
Interest income on compulsorily convertible debentures	28	(14.35)	-
Fair value gain on mutual fund	28	(0.04)	(0.16)
Liabilities no longer required written back	28	(5.00)	-
Exchange differences (net)	33	13.71	-
Loss on restatement of derivative asset	33	1.93	-
Bad debts written off	33	17.74	-
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	33	70.33	-
Operating profit before working capital changes		**201.76**	**129.39**
Movement in working capital			
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	12	80.44	(57.02)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	10	182.60	(80.41)
Decrease in other current and non-current financial assets	7, 15	18.14	23.21
(Increase)/decrease in other current and non-current assets	9, 16	(97.11)	23.21
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables	23	(8.98)	0.57
(Decrease)/increase in other current financial liabilities	24	(50.50)	29.42
(Decrease)/increase in provisions	20, 26	(2.43)	3.04
Increase in other current liabilities	25	1.49	1.14
Cash flows generated from operating activities post working capital changes		**325.41**	**72.55**
Income tax paid (net)	8	(20.74)	30.58
Net cash flows generated from operating activities (A)		**304.67**	**103.13**
B CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payment made for property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in-progress, capital creditors and capital advances)	3, 4	(281.52)	(772.29)
Sale of property, plant and equipment	3	13.57	1.24
Interest income received on bank deposits	14	2.52	7.64
Investment made during the year	5	(4,609.60)	(133.53)
Bank deposits matured/(made) during the year	14	60.04	(33.05)
Loans given to related parties	6	(9,643.24)	-
Receipt of loans given to related parties	6	195.72	560.45
Net cash flows used in investing activities (B)		**(14,262.51)**	(369.54)
C CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from non current borrowings	19	15,459.90	929.50
Repayment of non current borrowings (including current maturities)	19	(1,043.90)	-
Proceeds from current borrowings	22	250.00	-
Repayment of current borrowings	22	(149.97)	(518.72)
Finance costs	19, 22	(491.64)	(118.92)
Net cash flows generated from financing activities (C)		**14,024.39**	**291.86**
Increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)		66.55	25.45
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		25.86	0.41
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		92.41	25.86

G.D. SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES FRN : 017648N FEROZEPUR CITY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

WALKER CHANDIOK & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited

Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited
CIN- U40100PB2005PTC028850
Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

(i) The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard-7, "Statement of Cash Flows".
(ii) Refer note 41 for reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities in accordance with Indian Accounting Standard-7.

Summary of material accounting policy information 2
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Tarun Gupta
Partner
Membership no. 507892

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Proprietor
Membership no. 098947

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited

Sukhbir Singh
Director
DIN: 01785240

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Satinder Kaur Bedi
Additional Director
DIN: 07087936

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Priti Gupta
Company Secretary
Membership no. A75455

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited
CIN- U40100PB2005PTC028850
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2025
(All amounts in Rs. millions, unless otherwise stated)

A Equity share capital

Particulars	Balance as at 01 April 2023	Issue of equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2024	Issue of equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2025
Equity share capital (refer note 17)	281.42	-	281.42	-	281.42

B Other equity (refer note 18)

Particulars	Reserve and surplus		Other Comprehensive Income		Contribution from Holding Company (net of tax)	Total
	Debenture redemption reserve	Retained Earnings	Cash flow hedge reserve	Cost of hedge reserve		
Balance as at 01 April 2023	**97.52**	**391.49**	-	-	-	**489.01**
Loss for the year	-	(30.64)	-	-	-	(30.64)
Contribution received during the year	-	-	-	-	292.77	292.77
Other comprehensive income	-	0.94	-	-	-	0.94
Balance as at 31 March 2024	**97.52**	**361.79**	-	-	**292.77**	**752.08**
Loss for the year	-	(188.07)	-	-	-	(188.07)
Contribution received during the year					6,902.65	6,902.65
Distribution to Ultimate Holding Company*	-	-	-	-	(5,423.17)	(5,423.17)
Transfer during the year	(97.52)	97.52	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income, net of tax						-
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		6.95			-	6.95
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		(1.93)			-	(1.93)
Effective portion of gains and (losses) on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge	-	-	79.13	-	-	79.13
Effective portion of gains and (losses) on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge reclassified to profit and loss	-	-	(56.89)	-	-	(56.89)
Cost of hedging- changes in fair value	-	-	-	(77.84)	-	(77.84)
Cost of hedging- reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	30.59	-	30.59
Income tax relating to items that will reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	(5.78)	12.29	-	6.51
Balance as at 31 March 2025	-	**276.26**	**16.46**	**(34.96)**	**1,772.25**	**2,030.01**

* represents the amount given to fellow subsidiaries, accounted as distribution to Ultimate Holding Company.

Summary of material accounting policy information 2
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No : 001076N/N500013

Tarun Gupta
Partner
Membership no 507892

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 017648N

Gyan Deep Singhal
Proprietor
Membership no. 098947

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited

Sukhbir Singh
Director
DIN: 01785240

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Satinder Kaur Bedi
Additional Director
DIN: 07087936

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Puja Gupta
Company Secretary
Membership no. A75455

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited
CIN- U40100PB2005PTC028850
Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2025

1 Corporate information

The Company Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited was incorporated as of 23 August 2005 under the Companies Act, 1956. The Company is domiciled in India with its registered office situated at Faridkot Road, Guruharsahai, Distt. Ferozepur, Punjab. The Company is primarily involved in renewable power generation and having biomass power generation plant at Channu, Distict Muksar, Punjab. The USD senior secured bonds issued by the Company, its Holding Company and four fellow subsidiaries to global investors are listed on India INX.

The financial statements have been authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 11 June 2025.

2 Material accounting policy information

2.01 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") (as amended from time to time).

2.02 Basis of preparation

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis and under the historical cost convention except for certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) and defined benefit plans. Monetary amounts are expressed in Indian Rupees (Rs.) and are rounded to the nearest millions including two decimals, except for earnings per share.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies, set out below and were consistently applied to all periods presented unless otherwise stated. They have been prepared under the assumption that the Company operates on a going concern basis, which assumes the Company will be able to discharge its liabilities as and when they fall due.

2.03 Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are disclosed below:

i) Provisions and liabilities

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change.

2.04 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipments are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of items of the property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discount and rebate, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying property, plant and equipment upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Whenever significant parts of the property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Based on technical assessment made by technical expert and management estimate, the Company have assessed the estimated useful lives of certain property, plant and equipment that are different from the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Depreciation on assets provided as follows:-

Estimated useful life

Asset category	Estimated useful life (in years)
Buildings	30
Plant and equipments	15
Furniture and fittings	10
Office equipments	5
Computer equipments	3
Vehicles	8-10

Method of depreciation

- Depreciation is provided on written down value (WDV) for all class of assets of the Company

Management reveiews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets.

2.05 Capital work-in-progress

Directly and indirectly attributable expenditure related to and incurred during implementation (net of incidental income) of capital projects to get the assets ready for intended use and for a qualifying asset is included under "Capital work-in-progress". The same is allocated to the respective items of property, plant and equipment on completion of construction (development of project) / erection of the capital project / property, plant and equipment. Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

2.06 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

G.D. SINGAL & ASSOCIATES CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FRN 017648N FEROZEPUR CITY

WALKER CHANDIOK & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited

2.07 Inventories

Raw materials, stores and spares and packing materials are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value after provision for obsolesces and other losses, where considered necessary. However, these items are considered to be realizable at cost if the finished products, in which they will be used, are expected to be sold at or above cost. The cost is calculated on weighted average cost method and it comprises all costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition and includes, where applicable, appropriate overheads based on normal level of activity. Obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories are identified at the time of physical verification and wherever necessary a provision is made.

2.08 Impairment of non-financial assets

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows and determines a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The date used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Company's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and asset-specific risk factors.

Impairment losses are charged in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Further, impairment loss is reversed if the asset's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount. The reversal is limited so that the carrying of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior period.

2.09 Financial instruments

Recognition, initial measurement and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument, and, except for trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component, these are measured initially at:

a) fair value, in case of financial instruments subsequently carried at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL);

b) fair value adjusted for transaction costs, in case of all other financial instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when the underlying obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described below.

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL

(1) Financial assets at amortised cost

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets

The financial assets is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

(a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

(b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognised or impaired, the gain or loss is recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets carried at amortised cost.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider :

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

The Company applies simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, life time impairment loss is provided otherwise provides for 12 month expected credit losses.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured initially as well as at the end of each reporting date at fair value, recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI).

a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and

b) The contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represent solely payment of principal and interest.

(3) Financial assets at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

G.D. SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS * FRN : 017648N FEROZEPUR CITY

WALKER CHANDIOK & CO LLP * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS *

Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited *

(4) Financial liability

The Company's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in Profit and Loss. For trade and other payables maturing with in one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.10 Foreign currency translations

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at its functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items as at reporting date are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

2.11 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ noncurrent classification.

An entity shall classify an asset as current when-

(a) it expects to realise the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle;

(b) it holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;

(c) it expects to realise the asset within twelve months after the reporting period; or

(d) the asset is cash or a cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

An entity shall classify all other assets as non-current.

An entity shall classify a liability as current when-

(a) it expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;

(b) it holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;

(c) the liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or

(d) it does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in it settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

An entity shall classify all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Operating cycle

Based on the nature of the operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.12 Income taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year. The amount of current tax payable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria is met. Current Income tax related to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity as the case may be.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and tax base i.e. amounts used for taxation purposes.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation, deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. A deferred tax liability is recognised in respect of taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss either in comprehensive income or in equity. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

MAT credit

The Company recognises MAT credit available as a deferred tax asset only to the extent that there is reasonable evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period i.e. the period for which MAT credit is allowed to be carried forward.

2.13 Investment in subsidiaries

The Company has elected to recognize its investments in subsidiaries at cost in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, 'Separate Financial Statements', less accumulated impairment loss, if any. Cost represents amount paid for acquisition of the said investments.

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its investments in subsidiaries as recognised in the financial statements. On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is charged or credited to profit or loss. Investment in equity shares of subsidiaries are carried at cost.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments maturing within 90 days from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalent are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

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2.15 Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligations as a whole.

No liability is recognised if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resource is remote.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed by way of note unless the possibility of outflow is remote.

2.16 Revenue

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Sale of electricity

Revenue from supply of power is recognised net of consumption when the power is supplied as it best depicts the value of the customer and complete satisfaction of performance obligation.

Revenue from sale of power is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the fee is fixed or determinable, energy kilowatts are supplied and collectability is reasonably assured. Revenue is based on the energy kilowatts actually supplied to customers multiplied by the rate per kilo-watt hour agreed to in the respective power purchase agreement (PPAs). The energy kilowatts supplied by the entity are validated by the customer prior to billing and recognition of revenue.

2.17 Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest is accrued on time proportion basis, by reference to the principle outstanding at the effective interest rate.

Other operating income/other income

All other operating income/income is recognized on accrual basis when no significant uncertainty exists on their receipt.

2.18 Recognition of interest expense

Interest expense is recognised using the effective interest method. The 'effective interest rate' is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payment or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument to:

- the gross carrying amount of the financial asset; or
- the amortised cost of the financial liability.

In calculating interest expense, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset (when the asset is not credit-impaired) or to the amortised cost of the liability.

2.19 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include salaries and wages, short-term bonus, pension, incentives etc. These are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

Post-employment benefits plans

The Company provides post-employment benefits through various defined contribution and defined benefit plans.

Defined contribution plans

The Company pays fixed contribution into independent entities in relation to several state plans and insurances for individual employees. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay contributions in addition to its fixed contributions, which are recognised as an expense in the period that related employee services are received.

Defined benefit plans

Under the Company's defined benefit plans, the amount of benefit that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service and final salary. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the entities forming part of company, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside. Plan assets may include assets specifically designated to a long-term benefit fund as well as qualifying insurance policies.

The liability recognised in the balance sheet for defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets.

Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries. Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in other comprehensive income.

Service cost of the Company's defined benefit plan is included in employee benefits expense. Employee contributions, all of which are independent of the number of years of service, are treated as a reduction of service cost. Net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability is included in Profit and Loss. Gains and losses resulting from re measurements of the net defined benefit liability are included in other comprehensive income.

Other long-term employee benefits

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the year and are treated as short term employee benefit. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end. Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be available or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of the year are treated as other long term employee benefits. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using market yields on Government securities. Re-measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise. Past-service costs are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company presents the entire leave as a current liability in the balance sheet, since it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date.

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2.20 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as option contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in OCI and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss or treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Company formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Company wishes to apply hedge accounting and the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge.

The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item, the nature of the risk being hedged, and how the Company will assess whether the hedging relationship meets the hedge effectiveness requirements (including the analysis of sources of hedge ineffectiveness and how the hedge ratio is determined). A hedging relationship qualifies for hedge accounting if it meets all of the following effectiveness requirements:

- There is 'an economic relationship' between the hedged item and the hedging instrument.
- The effect of credit risk does not 'dominate the value changes' that result from that economic relationship.
- The hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Company actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the Company actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognised in OCI in the Effective portion of cash flow hedges, while any ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss. The Effective portion of cash flow hedges is adjusted to the lower of the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument and the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item.

The Company uses option contracts as hedges of its exposure to foreign currency risk in forecast transactions and firm commitments. The ineffective portion relating to foreign currency contracts is recognised in finance costs.

The amount accumulated in OCI is reclassified to profit or loss as reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss.

2.21 Material management judgement in applying accounting policies

When preparing the financial statement, management makes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Income tax and deferred tax

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allocation of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining the provision for income tax. Deferred tax is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Company exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

Useful lives of depreciable assets

Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets.

2.22 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.23 (A) Amendment to Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued but not yet effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. There is amendment to Ind AS 21 "Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates" such amendments would have been applicable from 01 April 2025.

The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates specify how an entity should assess whether a currency is exchangeable and how it should determine a spot exchange rate when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments also require disclosure of information that enables users of its financial statements to understand how the currency not being exchangeable into the other currency affects, or is expected to affect, the entity's financial performance, financial position and cash flows.

The amendments are effective for the period on or after 01 April 2025. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information.

The Company has reviewed the new pronouncement and based on its evaluation has determined that these amendments do not have a significant impact on the Company's Financial Statements.

(B) Standards issued/amended and became effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs notified new standards or amendment to existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. The Company has applied following amendments for the first-time during the current year which are effective from 1 April 2024.

Amendments to Ind AS 116 - Lease liability in a sale and leaseback

The amendments require an entity to recognise lease liability including variable lease payments which are not linked to index or a rate in a way it does not result into gain on Right of Use asset it retains.

Introduction of Ind AS 117

MCA notified Ind AS 117, a comprehensive standard that prescribe, recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements, to avoid diversities in practice for accounting insurance contracts and it applies to all companies i.e., to all 'insurance contracts' regardless of the issuer. However, Ind AS 117 is not applicable to the entities which are insurance companies registered with IRDAI.

The amendments does not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

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3 Property, plant and equipment

Details of Company property, plant and equipment and their carrying amounts are as follows:

Particulars	Freehold land^	Buildings	Plant and equipments	Furniture and fittings	Office equipments	Computer equipments	Vehicles	Total
Gross carrying value								
Balance as at 01 April 2023	**21.93**	**194.76**	740.83	**2.37**	**1.47**	**1.39**	**53.24**	**1,016.00**
Addition during the year	-	-	24.83	0.13	0.30	0.15	2.45	27.86
Disposal during the year	-	-	0.80	-	-	-	0.45	1.25
Balance as at 31 March 2024	**21.93**	**194.76**	**764.86**	**2.50**	**1.77**	**1.54**	**55.24**	**1,042.61**
Addition during the year	-	247.87	1,332.54	0.17	0.90	0.00	-	1,581.48
Disposal during the year	-	-	470.66	-	-	-	-	470.66
Balance as at 31 March 2025	**21.93**	**442.63**	1,626.74	**2.67**	**2.67**	**1.54**	**55.24**	**2,153.43**
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance as at 01 April 2023	-	**84.61**	**574.53**	**1.57**	**1.41**	**0.79**	**44.56**	**707.47**
Charge during the year	-	6.29	55.11	0.03	0.01	0.02	1.13	62.59
Disposal during the year	-	-	0.01	-	-	-	-	0.01
Balance as at 31 March 2024	-	90.90	629.63	1.60	1.42	**0.81**	45.69	**770.05**
Charge during the year	-	10.66	54.57	0.05	0.12	0.06	1.05	66.51
Disposal during the year	-	-	368.33	-	-	-	-	368.33
Balance as at 31 March 2025	-	**101.56**	**315.87**	**1.65**	**1.54**	**0.87**	**46.74**	**468.23**
Net carrying value								
Balance as at 31 March 2024	**21.93**	**103.86**	**135.23**	**0.90**	**0.35**	**0.73**	**9.55**	**272.56**
Balance as at 31 March 2025	21.93	341.07	1,310.87	1.02	1.13	0.67	8.50	1,685.20

(i) Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.
(ii) Refer note 44 for information on capital commitment.
^The title deeds of all the freehold land are in the name of the Company and are pledged with the lender.

4 Capital work-in-progress

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Balance as at the begininng of the year	1,158.64	401.35
Add: Additions during the year	426.41	757.29
Less: Amount capitalised during the year	(1,575.87)	-
Balance as at the end of the year	**9.18**	**1,158.64**

Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024 is as follows:

Particulars	Amount in capital work-in-progress for a period of				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project in progress as of 31 March 2025	9.18	-	-	-	**9.18**
Project in progress as of 31 March 2024	757.29	361.34	37.94	2.08	**1,158.64**

(i) There are no such project in progress, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan as of 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.
(ii) The cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of property, plant and equipment has been capitalised during the year, refer note 40.
*Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.

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Particulars		As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
5 Non-current investments			
Investment in equity instruments (fully paid up)			
(unquoted investment)			
Sindh Renewable Energy Private Limited		-	2.00
200,000 (31 March 2024: 200,000) shares of face value of Rs. 10 each			
Investment in subsidiary			
Investment in equity instruments (fully paid up) (at cost)			
(unquoted investment)			
Chattargarh Renewable Energy Private Limited		0.10	0.10
10,000 (31 March 2024: 10,000) shares of face value of Rs. 10 each			
Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCD)			
(unquoted investment)			
SAEL Solar P9 Private Limited *(refer note a below)*		2,305.80	-
SAEL Solar P10 Private Limited *(refer note a below)*		2,305.80	-
	Total (A)	**4,611.70**	**2.10**
Value of deemed investment accounted in terms of fair valuation under Ind AS 109 (net of tax) (refer note 6)			
Chattargarh Renewable Energy Private Limited		136.89	133.53
	Total (B)	**136.89**	**133.53**
Total Investments	**(A+B)**	**4,748.59**	**135.63**
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments at cost		4,748.59	135.63
Aggregate amount of quoted investments at market value		-	-
Aggregate of impairment amount in value of investments		-	-

Notes:
(a) During the year, the Company has invested in 85,400,000 11% Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCD) of SAEL Solar P9 Private Limited and SAEL Solar P10 Private Limited amounting to Rs. 2,305.80 million each having face value of Rs. 10 at a premium of Rs. 17 per CCD. The entire, cumulative, interest would be receivable on the expiry date or on conversion of the said CCDs into equity share, whichever is earlier.
The CCDs will be converted into equity shares at the Conversion Ratio of 1:1 i.e. total number of equity shares would be corresponding to the number of CCDs and these would be converted at issue price of CCDs.
The CCDs shall stand automatically converted into Equity Shares at the Conversion Ratio after the expiry of the tenure (i.e on 01 December 2034).
(b) Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.

6 Loans			
(unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)			
Non-current financial asset			
Loans to related parties		2,828.06	334.55
Current financial asset			
Loans to related parties		8.00	195.72
		2,836.06	**530.27**

Notes:
(i) During the year, the Company has given loan to its fellow subsidiary companies amounting to Rs. 9,635.20 millions (31 March 2024: Rs. 489.25 millions) which is receivable after the expiry of 15 years (31 March 2024: 5 years) of respective loans.
These are interest-free loans and have been accounted at fair value as per Ind AS 109 " Financial Instruments". Pursuant to this accounting, the difference between gross proceeds and fair value has been shown as an "Investment in equity instrument (at amortised cost) and Distribution to Ultimate Holding Company"(refer note 5 and 18).
(ii) Refer note 36 for related party disclsoures.
(iii) Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.
(iv) Loan given to related parties are for business purpose and interest free.

Details of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to promoter, directors, KMPs and the related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person, that are:
(a) repayable on demand; or
(b) without specifying any terms or period of repayment

As at 31 March 2025

Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans
Promoter	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-
Related parties	2,836.06	100.00%

As at 31 March 2024

Type of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total loans and advances in the nature of loans
Promoter	-	-
Directors	-	-
KMPs	-	-
Related parties	530.27	100.00%

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
7 Other financial assets (non current)		
(unsecured, considered good and measured at amortised cost unless otherwise stated)		
Foreign currency derivative contracts	249.74	-
Security deposits^	-	20.00
Bank deposits with remaining maturity more than 12 months	34.51	-
Interest accrued on compulsorily convertible debentures	14.35	-
	298.60	**20.00**

^Refer note 36 for related party balances.

Note: Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.

8 Non-current tax assets (net)		
Income tax receivables (net of provision Rs. Nil (31 March 2024: Nil))	2.35	3.12
	2.35	**3.12**
9 Other non current assets		
(unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Capital advances	61.53	177.74
Deposit under protest with government authorities	3.97	3.97
	65.50	**181.71**

Note: Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.

10 Inventories		
(valued at lower of cost or net realisable value)		
Raw material and components	173.28	353.15
Stores and spares	4.51	7.25
	177.79	360.40

Note: Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.

11 Current Investments		
Investment in mutual fund (quoted) (at FVTPL)	0.64	0.60
	0.64	**0.60**

Mutual Funds	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Number of units	Amount	Number of units	Amount
Sundaram ELSS Tax Saver Fund (formerly known as Sundaram Tax Savings Fund)- Regular Growth	1,362.96	0.64	1,362.96	0.60
Total	**1,362.96**	**0.64**	**1,362.96**	**0.60**

Aggregate amount of quoted investments	0.10	0.10
Aggregate carrying value of quoted investments	0.64	0.60

Note: Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.

12 Trade receivables		
(unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Considered good, unsecured	73.81	136.51
Credit impaired	-	-
	73.81	136.51
Less:- allowance for expected credit loss	-	-
Net trade receivables	**73.81**	**136.51**

Notes:
(i) The Company's exposure to credit risks and loss allowance related to trade receivables is disclosed in note 34.
(ii) There are no debts due by directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or debts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
(iii) Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from banks and financial institutions.
(iv) The net carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.
(v) The credit period given to the customer ranges from 60 to 90 days

Trade receivable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
	Unbilled Dues	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivable								
Considered good, unsecured	73.81	-	-	-	-	-	-	**73.81**
Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	73.81	-		-	-	-	-	**73.81**
Less:- allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net trade receivables	**73.81**	-	-	-	-	-	-	**73.81**

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Trade receivable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment							
	Unbilled Dues	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivable								
Considered good, unsecured	-	67.79	50.98	-	-	-	17.74	**136.51**
Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	**67.79**	**50.98**	-	-	-	**17.74**	**136.51**
Less:- allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net trade receivables	-	**67.79**	**50.98**	-	-	-	**17.74**	**136.51**

Notes:
(i) There are no disputed trade receivables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.
* Unbilled dues pertains to receivables against which billing is yet to issued however the performance obligation is completed.

13 Cash and cash equivalents

Balances with bank		
- on current accounts	92.37	25.78
Cash on hand	0.04	0.08
	92.41	**25.86**

Note: Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.

14 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above

Bank deposits with original maturity of more than 3 months but less than 12 months	-	91.57
	-	**91.57**

Note: Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.

15 Other financial assets (current)

(unsecured, considered good and measured at amortised cost unless otherwise stated)		
Foreign currency derivative contracts	9.29	-
Receivable from related party*	12.59	8.95
Recoverable from sale of property, plant and equipment	18.43	-
Other receivables*	6.99	8.14
	47.31	**17.09**

*Refer note 36 for related party disclosures.

16 Other current assets

(unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Advance to vendors	130.70	30.17
Balance with government authorities	0.03	0.03
Prepaid expenses	1.24	4.62
Other receivables	0.03	0.08
	132.00	**34.90**

Note: Refer note 39 for details of assets pledged as security by the Company for securing financing facilities from lenders.

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17 Equity share capital

The financial statements represent a legal entity structure. The share capital of the company as below.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised equity share capital of Rs. 10/- each (31 March 2024: Rs 10/- each)				
Equity share at the beginning of the year	30,000,000	300.00	30,000,000	300.00
Movement during the year	-	-	-	-
Authorised equity share capital at the end of the year	30,000,000	300.00	30,000,000	300.00
Issued and subscribed and fully paid up equity share capital of Rs 10/- each	28,142,000	281.42	28,142,000	281.42
Total	**28,142,000**	**281.42**	**28,142,000**	**281.42**

1. Reconciliation of equity share capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
At the beginning of the year	28,142,000	281.42	28,142,000	281.42
Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	28,142,000	281.42	28,142,000	281.42

2. Shares held by Holding Company

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
SAEL Limited*	28,142,000	281.42	28,142,000	281.42

**including share held by nominee shareholder*

3. Details of equity shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Number of shares	% of shareholding	Number of shares	% of shareholding
SAEL Limited*	28,142,000	100.00	28,142,000	100.00
Total	**28,142,000**	**100.00**	**28,142,000**	**100.00**

**including share held by nominee shareholder*

4. Disclosure of shareholdings of promoters as follows#^

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024		% change in shareholding pattern during the year
	Number of shares	% of shareholding	Number of shares	% of shareholding	
SAEL Limited*	28,142,000	100.00	28,142,000	100.00	-
Total	**28,142,000**	**100.00**	**28,142,000**	**100.00**	-

**including share held by nominee shareholder*

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024		As at 31 March 2023		% change in shareholding pattern during the year
	Number of shares	% of shareholding	Number of shares	% of shareholding	
SAEL Limited *	28,142,000	100.00	28,142,000	100.00	-
Total	**28,142,000**	**100.00**	**28,142,000**	**100.00**	-

**including share held by nominee shareholder*

#Promoter for the purpose of this disclosure should be considered as per the Companies Act, 2013.
^The above information is furnished as per shareholder register of the Company as at the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

5. The rights, preferences and restrictions attaching to each class of shares including restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital
The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. If declared, the Company will pay dividends in Indian rupees.
In the event of liquidation of Company, the holders of equity shares are entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company (after distribution of all preferential amounts) in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders of the Company.

5. Details of shares issued pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus issues and brought back during the last 5 years for each class of shares.

The company has not issued any shares pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares nor has there been any buy-back of shares in the current year and immediately preceeding five years.

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
18 Other equity		
Cash flow hedge reserve (refer note (d))		
Balances at the beginning of the year	-	-
Effective portion of gains and losses on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge	79.13	-
Effective portion of gains and losses on hedging instrument in a cash flow hedge reclassified to profit and loss	(56.89)	-
Income tax relating to items that will reclassified to profit or loss	(5.78)	
Balances at the end of the year	**16.46**	-
Cost of hedge reserve (refer note (e))		
Balances at the beginning of the year	-	-
Changes in fair value	(77.84)	-
Reclassified to profit or loss	30.59	-
Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	12.29	
Balances at the end of the year	**(34.98)**	-
Retained Earnings (refer note (a))		
Balances at the beginning of the year	361.78	391.49
Loss during the year	(188.07)	(30.64)
Remeasurement of post-employment benefit obligation during the year	6.95	1.31
Tax effect on remeasurement during the year	(1.93)	(0.37)
Transferred to retained earnings from debenture redemption reserve	97.52	-
Balances at the end of the year	**276.26**	**361.78**
Debenture redemption reserve (refer note (b))		
Balances at the beginning of the year	97.52	97.52
Transfer to retained earnings	(97.52)	-
Balances at the end of the year	-	**97.52**
Contribution from Holding Company (net of tax) (refer note (c))		
Balances at the beginning of the year	292.77	-
Movement during the year	6,902.65	292.77
Distribution to Ultimate Holding Company	(5,423.17)	-
Balances at the end of the year	**1,772.26**	**292.77**
Total other equity	**2,030.01**	**752.07**

Nature and purpose of reserves

(a) Retained earnings
All the profits and losses made by the Company are transferred to retained earnings from the statement of profit and loss. Retained earning is a free reserve available to the Company and eligible for distribution to shareholders.
It includes re-measurement gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans, net of taxes that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit and Loss.

(b) Debenture redemption reserve
The Company is required to create a Debenture Redemption Reserve out of the profits which are available for payment of dividend for the purpose of redemption of non convertible debentures. Accordingly debenture redemption reserve has been created in the previous years to the extent of 10% of oustanding balance of non convertible debentures as on 31 March 2023.
During the current year, early redemption of the debentures has been done and the amounts no longer necessary to be retained in this account are transferred to the retained earnings.

(c) Contribution from Holding Company
Contribution from the Holding Company represents the excess of the discounted value of the interest-free borrowings obtained by the Company from its Holding Company and it also includes loan given to fellow subsidiaries shown as distribution to Ultimate Holding Company.

(d) Cash flow hedge reserve
The Company uses derivative instruments to manage its foreign currency risk on cash outflows related to foreign currency borrowings. For hedging foreign currency risk, the Company enters into foreign currency derivative contracts. To the extent that these derivative contracts are designated as effective hedges under hedge accounting, effective portion of changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments are recognized in the 'Cash flow hedge reserve'. Amounts recognised in this reserve are reclassified to the Statement of Profit or Loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss.

(e) Cost of hedge reserve
The Company designates the intrinsic value of foreign currency option contracts as hedging instruments in 'Cash Flow Hedge' relationships. Changes in the fair value of the time value component of the options are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) and are amortized to the Statement of Profit and Loss on a rational basis.

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
19 Non current borrowings		
(measured at amortized cost)		
Secured*		
Term loan from banks	-	1.30
Non convertible debentures	-	881.22
7.8% Senior Secured Notes Maturing 2031	3,227.35	-
Less: Current maturities of		
Term loan from banks	-	(0.66)
Non convertible debenture	-	(100.02)
7.8% Senior Secured Notes Maturing 2031	(342.66)	-
Unsecured#		
Loan from related party	3,893.11	737.40
	6,777.81	**1,519.25**

* Refer note 35 for terms of borrowings.

The Company has raised Rs. 3,349.30 million (USD 40 million) on 31 July 2024 by issuing USD denominated senior secured 7.8 per cent Senior Notes due in 2031 pursuant to Rule 144A of the U.S. Securities Act, 1933, as amended, and applicable Indian regulations, to repay existing indebtness of the Company; and for capital expenditures.

Refer note 36 for related party disclosures.

During the year, the Company has obtained non-current borrowings from its Holding company amounting to Rs. 11,691.29 millions (31 March 2024: Rs. 1,076.58 millions) which is repayable after the expiry of 15 years (31 March 2024: 5 years) of respective loans.

During the year, the Company has obtained non-current borrowings from its Ultimate Holding company amounting to Rs. 419.40 millions (31 March 2024: Nil) which is repayable after the expiry of 15 years.

These are interest-free loans and have been accounted at fair value as per Ind AS 109 " Financial Instruments". Pursuant to this accounting, the difference between gross proceeds and fair value has been shown as a "Contribution from the Holding Company (net of tax)" in other equity.

20 Provisions (non current)		
Provision for employee benefits		
Provision for gratuity (refer note 37)	4.80	8.99
	4.80	**8.99**
21 Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets (net)		
Deferred tax assets are attributable to the following:		
Brought forward losses	39.82	17.97
Minimum alternate tax	28.43	28.43
Provision for employee benefits	1.83	3.77
Fair value of investment	31.55	51.46
Cost of hedge reserve	12.29	-
Deferred tax liabilities are attributable to the following:		
Exchange differences (net)	(4.07)	-
Compound financial instruments	(433.18)	(112.84)
Cash flow hedging reserve	(5.78)	
Property, plant and equipment	(18.85)	(32.56)
Deferred tax liabilities net	(347.97)	(43.77)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	Recognised on account of investment	Recognised through other equity	(Expenses)/ benefit recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2024
Assets						
Brought forward losses	17.97	-	-	21.84	-	39.82
Minimum alternate tax	28.43	-	-	-	-	28.43
Provision for employee benefits	3.77	-	-	(0.01)	(1.93)	1.83
Fair value of investment	51.46	(3.37)	-	(16.54)	-	31.55
Cost of hedge reserve	-	-	-	-	12.29	12.29
Liabilities						
Exchange differences (net)	-	-	-	(4.07)	-	(4.07)
Compound financial instruments	112.84	-	367.33	(46.99)	-	433.18
Cash flow hedging reserve	-	-	-	-	5.78	5.78
Property, plant and equipment	32.56	-	-	(13.71)	-	18.85
Total	**(43.77)**	**(3.37)**	**(367.33)**	**61.93**	**4.57**	**(347.97)**

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Particulars	Balance as at 01 April 2023	Recognised on account of investment	Recognised through other equity	(Expenses)/ benefit recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	As at 31 March 2024
Assets						
Brought forward losses	-	-	-	17.97	-	17.97
Minimum alternate tax	31.80	-	-	(3.37)	-	28.43
Provision for employee benefits	2.99	-	-	1.15	(0.37)	3.77
Fair value of investment	-	51.46	-	-	-	51.46
Provision for doubtful debts	5.61	-	-	(5.61)	-	-
Liabilities						
Compound financial instruments	-	-	112.84	-	-	112.84
Property, plant and equipment	33.58	-	-	(1.02)	-	32.56
Total	**6.81**	**51.46**	**(112.84)**	**11.16**	**(0.37)**	**(43.77)**

MAT credit expiry in Company

Particulars	.31 March 2025	31 March 2024
31 March 2037	4.06	4.06
31 March 2036	6.97	6.97
31 March 2035	7.22	7.22
31 March 2034	2.24	2.24
31 March 2033	2.43	2.43
31 March 2032	3.09	3.09
31 March 2030	2.42	2.42
Total	**28.44**	**28.44**

Effective tax reconciliation

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Loss before tax	(230.04)	(45.23)
Applicable tax rate*	26.00%	27.82%
Expected tax expense [A]	**(59.81)**	**(12.58)**
Expenses not considered in determining taxable profit	0.27	-
Reversal of minimum alternate tax	-	3.37
Adjustment of tax pertaining to earlier period	19.96	(3.43)
Others	(2.40)	(1.94)
Total adjustments [B]	**17.84**	**(2.01)**
Actual tax expense [C=A+B]	(41.97)	(14.59)
Total tax incidence	(41.97)	(14.59)
Tax expense recognized in statement of profit and loss [D]	**(41.97)**	**(14.59)**

The applicable tax rate is the domestic tax rate applicable to the Company - 31 March 2025: 26.00% (31 March 2024: 27.82%).

22 Current borrowings

(measured at amortized cost)

Secured*		
Working capital demand loan	250.00	149.97
Current maturities of		
Term loan from banks	-	0.66
Non convertible debenture	-	100.02
7.8% Senior Secured Notes Maturing 2031	342.66	-
	592.66	**250.65**

*Refer note 35 for terms of borrowings

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Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
23 Trade payables		
(measured at amortised cost)		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note below)	1.04	-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises	5.12	15.14
	6.16	**15.14**

Note:-

a	**Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'):**		
i)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	1.04	-
ii)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year	-	-
iii)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006.	-	-
iv)	The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and	-	-
v)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	-	-
		-	-

The above information regarding dues to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006 has been determined to the extend identified and information available with the Company pursuant to Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006.

Trade payable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from the date of invoice					
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed dues - MSME*	-	1.04	-	-	-	**1.04**
Undisputed dues - Others	-	5.12	-	-	-	**5.12**
Total trade payables	-	6.16	-	-	-	**6.16**

Trade payable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from the date of invoice					
	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed dues - MSME*	-	-	-	-	-	-
Undisputed dues - Others	-	15.14	-	-	-	**15.14**
Total trade payables	-	**15.14**	-	-	-	**15.14**

*MSME as per Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

Note:

(i) There are no disputed trade payables, hence the same is not disclosed in the ageing schedule.

(ii) The net carrying value of trade payables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(iii) The credit period given to the vendors ranges from 0 to 90 days.

24 Other financial liabilities (current)		
(measured at amortised cost)		
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	45.82	-
Capital creditors	24.19	56.67
Employee related liabilities	3.04	2.70
Retention money	-	5.00
Others payables*	48.95	24.82
	121.99	**89.19**

* Refer note 36 for related party disclosures.

25 Other current liabilities		
Payable to statutory authorities	4.36	2.87
	4.36	**2.87**

26 Provisions (current)		
Provision for employee benefits		
Provision for gratuity (refer note 37)	0.77	1.80
Provision for compensated absences (refer note 37)	1.49	3.71
	2.26	**5.51**

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Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
27 Revenue from operations		
Sale of product		
Revenue from sale of electricity	653.25	657.62
	653.25	**657.62**

Revenue from contracts with customers

a) Disaggregation of revenue

Set out below is the disaggregation of the company revenue from contracts with customers:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Based on nature of product		
Sale of electricity.	653.25	657.62
Total revenue	**653.25**	**657.62**

b) Timing of revenue recognition

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
At point in time	-	-
At point over time	653.25	657.62
Total revenue	**653.25**	**657.62**

c) Contract balances

The following table provides information about receivables, contract assets and contract liabilities from contract with customers:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Receivables (refer note 12)		
Trade receivables (gross)	73.81	136.51
Less : allowance for expected credit loss	-	-
Net receivables	**73.81**	**136.51**

There are no contract assets and the contract liabilities during the respective years, therefore disclosure regarding significant changes in contract assets and contract liabilities is not given.

d) Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Revenue as per contract	667.83	658.49
Adjustments: rebate and discounts	14.57	0.87
Revenue from contract with customers	**653.25**	**657.62**

e) Transaction price - remaining performance obligation

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts as the revenue recognised corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Company's performance completed till the reporting period.

f) There is no significant estimate involved in the recognition of revenue from contract.

28 Other income		
Interest income		
- on bank deposits	5.49	7.64
- on loans to related parties*	186.89	30.30
- on compulsorily convertible debentures*	14.35	-
Fair value gain on mutual fund	0.04	0.04
Insurance claim received	5.61	-
Liabilities no longer required written back	5.00	-
Miscellaneous income	1.16	1.59
	218.83	**39.58**

*Refer note 36 for related party disclosure

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Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
29 Cost of material consumed		
Inventories at the beginning of the year	353.15	275.94
Add: Purchases	99.22	443.50
Less: Inventories at the end of the year	(173.28)	(353.15)
Cost of raw material consumed	**279.09**	**366.29**
30 Employee benefits expense		
Salaries, wages and bonus	36.11	57.95
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 37)	2.10	4.62
Staff welfare expenses	4.22	-
	42.44	**62.57**
31 Finance costs		
Interest on		
- borrowings	233.94	115.18
- loan from related party*	201.26	2.08
Amortisation of time value of options	30.59	-
Other borrowing cost	7.57	1.65
	473.35	**118.91**
* Refer note 36 for related party disclosures.		
32 Depreciation expense		
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (refer note 3)	66.51	62.57
	66.51	62.57
33 Other expenses		
Consumption of stores and spares	5.54	7.05
PEDA share expense	46.75	46.09
Repairs and maintenance		
Plant and equipments	1.44	19.31
Buildings	0.26	0.72
Others	4.54	2.46
Rent and hire charges	0.01	7.20
Fees, rates and taxes	3.39	1.18
Insurance	2.11	6.24
Travelling and conveyance	1.56	0.99
Legal and professional fees	1.70	2.71
Printing and stationary	0.25	0.44
Payment to auditors (refer note a below)	0.53	0.40
Bad debts written off	17.74	35.02
Bank charges	0.71	0.59
Telephone expenses	0.30	0.36
Exchange differences (net)	13.71	-
Loss on change in fair value of derivatives (net)	1.93	-
Corporate social responsibility (refer note 46)	-	0.72
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	70.33	-
Miscellaneous expenses	4.81	0.61
	177.60	**132.09**
Note:-		
a) payment to auditors as		
- auditors	0.45	0.40
- out of pocket expense	0.08	-
	0.53	**0.40**

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34 Financial instruments

(i) Financial instruments – by category and fair values hierarchy

The following explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standard.

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for financial instruments.
Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
Level 3: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Valuation techniques used to determine fair value

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount that would be received to sell an asset and paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. The following methods were used to estimate the fair values :

- Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances others than cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets, borrowing, trade payables and other financial liabilities:
Approximate their carrying amounts largely due to the current maturities of these instruments are fair value.
- Borrowings taken by the Company are as per the Company's credit and liquidity risk assessment and there is no comparable instrument having the similar terms and conditions with related security being pledged and hence the carrying value of the borrowings represents the best estimate of fair value.

Particulars	Level of hierarchy	As at 31 March 2025			As at 31 March 2024		
		Fair value - hedging instrument	FVTPL*	Amortised cost	Fair value - hedging instrument	FVTPL*	Amortised cost
Financial assets							
Non current							
Investments**	3	-	-	-	-	2.00	-
Loans	-	-	-	2,828.06	-	-	334.55
Foreign currency derivative contracts	2	249.74	-	-			
Other financial assets	-	-	-	48.86	-	-	20.00
Current							
Investments**	1	-	0.64	-	-	0.60	-
Trade receivables	-	-	-	73.81	-	-	136.51
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	92.41	-	-	25.86
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	91.57
Loans	-	-	-	8.00	-	-	195.72
Foreign currency derivative contracts	2	9.29	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	38.01	-	-	17.09
Total financial assets		259.03	0.64	3,089.16	-	2.60	821.29
Financial liabilities							
Non current							
Borrowings	-	-	-	6,777.81	-	-	1,519.25
Current							
Borrowings	-	-	-	592.66	-	-	250.65
Trade Payables	-	-	-	5.12	-	-	15.14
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	121.99	-	-	89.19
Total financial liabilities		-	-	**7,497.58**	-	-	**1,874.23**

*Fair value through Profit and Loss
** Excludes investments in subsidiary,valued at cost.

Fair value measurement hierarchy for investments :

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	Valuation methodology/ technique
Investments in quoted mutual funds (Level 1)	0.64	0.60	These quoted mutual funds are valued at fair value on the basis of the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the fund on the reporting date.
Investment in unquoted equity instruments (Level 3)	-	2.00	These unquoted equity are valued at fair value on the reporting date. The fair value of these unquoted instruments is alsmost equal to the cost of the instruments as there is no significant business in the entities

Fair value measurement hierarchy for financial assets:

The Company entered into foreign exchange derivative contracts with the intention of reducing the foreign exchange risk of expected cash outflows and are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Particulars	Level of fair value	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
		Carrying value	Fair value^	Carrying value	Fair value^
Financial assets (current and non current):					
Foreign currency derivative contracts	2	259.03	259.03	-	-
Total		**259.03**	**259.03**	-	-

^Fair value techniques and Inputs:

The foreign currency derivative contracts are valued using valuation techniques, which employs the use of market observable inputs. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include forward pricing models using present value calculations. The model incorporate various inputs including foreign exchange spot and forward rates, yield curves of the respective currencies and currency basis spreads between the respective currencies.

(ii) Risk management

The Company activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the Company is exposed to and how the Company manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

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Risk management framework

The directors have the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The directors have responsibility to establish the processes and ensure that executive management controls risks through the mechanism of properly defined framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risks limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to maintain a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management diversification
Credit risk	Trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, loans and other financial assets	Ageing analysis	Diversification of bank deposits and credit limits and regular monitoring and follow ups
Liquidity risk	Borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities	Cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities.
Market risk – foreign exchange	Future commercial transactions, recognized financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee.	Cash flow forecasting sensitivity analysis	Forward foreign exchange contracts
Market risk – interest rate	Long-term borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Diversification of borrowings.

(A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date
B: Moderate credit risk
C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Trade receivables

Company major trade receivables and other receivables are with, government owned counterparty. Therefore, these receivables are considered high quality and accordingly no life time expected credit losses are recognised on such receivables based on simplified approach.

Cash and cash equivalents and bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk related to cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits is managed by only investing in deposits with highly rated banks and diversifying bank deposits and accounts in different banks. Credit risk is considered low because the Company deals with highly rated banks.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets measured at amortized cost includes security deposits, contract assets, accrued interest on fixed deposits and other receivables. Credit risk related to these financial assets is managed by monitoring the recoverability of such amounts continuously, while at the same time internal control system are in place to ensure the amounts are within defined limits. Credit risk is considered low because the Company is in possession of the underlying asset (in case of security deposit). Further, the Company creates provision by assessing individual financial asset for expectation of any credit loss basis 12 month

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, there have been no defaults on financial assets of the Company by the counterparties. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. There have been no cases of write off with the Company.

Credit rating	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
A: Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, loans, trade receivable, investments and other financial assets	3,348.82	823.90

b) Credit risk exposure

(i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets –

As at 31 March 2025

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Investments	0.64	-	0.64
Trade receivables	73.81	-	73.81
Cash and cash equivalents	92.41	-	92.41
Loans	2,836.06	-	2,836.06
Other financial assets	345.91	-	345.91
Total	**3,348.83**	-	**3,348.83**

As at 31 March 2024

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Investments	2.60	-	2.60
Trade receivables	136.51	-	136.51
Cash and cash equivalents	25.86	-	25.86
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	91.57	-	91.57
Loans	530.26	-	530.26
Other financial assets	37.09	-	37.09
Total	**823.90**	-	**823.90**

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

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(B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the Company operates.

Financing arrangement

The Company does not have any access to the undrawn borrowing facilities as at 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

As at 31 March 2025	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Borrowings (including interest)	-	860.94	2,480.33	14,331.44	17,672.71
Trade payables	-	6.16	-	-	6.16
Other financial liabilities	-	121.99	-	-	121.99
Total	-	**989.09**	**2,480.33**	**14,331.44**	**17,800.86**

As at 31 March 2024	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Borrowings (including interest)	-	333.80	1,718.41	478.53	2,530.74
Trade payables	-	15.14	-	-	15.14
Other financial liabilities	-	89.19	-	-	89.19
Total	-	**438.14**	**1,718.41**	**478.53**	**2,635.07**

The gross outflows disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to financial liabilities held for risk management purposes and which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity. Further, the disclosed financial derivative instruments in the above table may be settled gross.

(C) Market risk

a) Foreign exchange risk

The Company's major exposure in foreign currency is in respect of borrowings which is availed through issue of 7.80% Senior Secured USD Notes. The Company has entered into option contract to hedge said foreign currency exposure.

Foreign currency risk exposure:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025		As at 31 March 2024	
	Foreign currency (USD)	Rs.	Foreign currency (USD)	Rs.
Borrowings (current and non current)				
7.8% Senior Secured Bond Maturing 2031	38.19	3,227.35	-	-
Total	**38.19**	**3,227.35**	-	-

Sensitivity

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises from foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

Particulars	Currency	Impact on total equity		Impact on profit or loss (net of tax)	
		Exchange rate increase by 1%	Exchange rate decrease by 1%	Exchange rate increase by 1%	Exchange rate decrease by 1%
Borrowings (current and non current)					
7.8% Senior Secured Bond Maturing 2031	USD	(23.88)	23.88	(23.88)	23.88

Hedging activities and derivatives

The Company is exposed to certain risks relating to its ongoing business operations. The primary risks managed using derivative instruments is foreign currency risk. The Company's risk management strategy and how it is applied to manage risk are explained in Note 37(iii).

Derivatives designated as hedging instruments

Cash flow hedges

Foreign currency risk:

Foreign exchange option contracts are designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges of forecast principal and interest rate payments of bond in US dollar. These forecast transactions are highly probable, and they comprise about 100% of the Company's total expected loan repayments in US dollars. The foreign exchange option contract balances vary with the level of expected foreign currency repayments and changes in foreign exchange forward rates.

There is an economic relationship between the hedged items and the hedging instruments as the terms of the foreign exchange option contracts match the terms of the expected highly probable forecast transactions (i.e., notional amount and expected payment date). The Company has established a hedge ratio of 1:1 for the hedging relationships as the underlying risk of the foreign exchange option contracts are identical to the hedged risk components. To test the hedge effectiveness, the Company uses the hypothetical derivative method and compares the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments against the changes in fair value of the hedged items attributable to the hedged risks.

The hedge ineffectiveness can arise from:

- Differences in the timing of the cash flows of the hedged items and the hedging instruments
- Different indexes (and accordingly different curves) linked to the hedged risk of the hedged items and hedging instruments
- The counterparties' credit risk differently impacting the fair value movements of the hedging instruments and hedged items
- Changes to the forecasted amount of cash flows of hedged items and hedging instruments

Impact of hedging activities

(a) Disclosure of effects of hedge accounting on financial position (assets)

Type of hedge and risks	Notional value (USD)	Carrying amount of hedging Instrument	Maturity dates	Hedge ratio	Strike price
As at 31 March 2025					
Foreign currency risk					
(i) Foreign exchange forward contracts	45.57	259.03	31 January 2025 - 30 July 2031	1:1	USD: Rs. 83.37 - 85.58
As at 31 March 2024					
Foreign currency risk					
(i) Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	-	-	-

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(b) Disclosure of effects of hedge accounting on financial performance

Type of hedge and risks	Change in the value of hedging instrument in other comprehensive income	Hedge ineffectiveness recognised in profit or loss	Amount reclassified from cash flow hedging reserve to profit or loss	Line item affected in statement of profit and loss because of reclassification and hedge ineffectiveness
As at 31 March 2025				
Cash flow hedge				
Foreign currency risk				
(i) Foreign exchange forward contracts	1.29	-	(26.30)	Finance cost and other expense
As at 31 March 2024				
Cash flow hedge				
Foreign currency risk				
(i) Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	-	-

The Company's hedging policy only allows for effective hedge relationships to be established. Hedge effectiveness is determined at the inception of the hedge relationship, and through periodic prospective effectiveness assessment to ensure that an economic relationship exists between the hedged item and hedging instrument.

b) Interest rate risk

I) Financial liabilities

The Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates. Other borrowings are at fixed interest rates. The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Fixed rate instruments	3,227.35	1,718.64
Variable rate instruments	250.00	151.92

The Company investment in bank deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of profit and equity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates of +/- 1% (2023-24: +/- 1%). These changes are considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The calculations are based on a change in the average market interest rate for each period, and the financial instruments held at each reporting date that are sensitive to changes in interest rates. All other variables are held constant.

Cash flow sensitivity

Effect in Rs. Million	Impact on Profit or (loss) net of tax	
	100 bp increase	100 bp decrease
31 March 2025		
Variable-rate instruments	(1.85)	1.85
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	**(1.85)**	**1.85**
31 March 2024		
Variable-rate instruments	(1.12)	1.12
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	**(1.12)**	**1.12**

c) Price risk

The Company does not have any other price risk than interest rate risk as disclosed above

(D) Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep an optimum net debt to equity ratio. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, less cash and cash equivalents.

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Borrowings (refer note 19 and 22)	7,370.46	1,769.90
Less: Cash and cash equivalents (refer note 13)	92.41	25.86
Less: Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents above (refer note 14)	-	91.57
Net debt	**7,278.05**	**1,652.47**
Equity (refer note 17 and 18)	2,311.43	1,033.49
Total equity	**2,311.43**	**1,033.49**
Capital and net debt	**9,589.48**	**2,685.96**
Net debt to equity ratio (%)	**75.90%**	**61.52%**

III) The Company has signed Power Purchase Agreements with Uttar Pradesh Power Corporation Limited (UPPCL) for a period of 12 years for its power plant of 50 MW at agreed tariff rates.
UPPCL has submitted petition with Uttar Pradesh Regulatory Commission (UPERC) for the adoption and approval of aforesaid tariff rates but during the course of proceedings, the UPERC has directed the UPPCL & UPNEDA to renegotiate the tariff with the Company as per policy of the State Govt.
The Company was forced to sign the Supplementary PPA on 07.12.2017 in accordance with the UPERC order dated 21-11-2017 and adopted the reduced tariff as against the agreed tariff. The Company has booked the revenue on the reduced rates as per order of UPERC.
However, while adopting the tariff, the regulatory commission has extended the tenure of the PPA for a further period of 13 years. The Company has filed an appeal against reduction of tariff in the Appellate Tribunal.

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35 Term of borrowings

S. No.	Nature of loan	Borrowing from	Name of Bank/ Financial institution	Nature of security	Terms of repayment and interest rate	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
1	7.8% Senior Secured Notes Maturing 2031	Investors	-	First ranking pari passu mortgage or charge over: (i) the immovable, movable (tangible and intangible), current assets (including the cash flows, book debts and revenues) and receivables of Company; and (ii) accounts established pursuant to the applicable Trust and Retention Account Agreement; (iii) charge over, the rights, titles, interests, benefits, claims and demands under the power purchase agreements, project documents and insurance policies of Company; (iv) pledge of 100% shares of the Company; (v) Debt Service Reserve Account opened by Company for the benefit of the holders of the Notes. (vi) project assets forming a part of the Solar Energy Corporation of India ("SECI")Projects. (vii) rights and interest emanating under Restricted Project Documents; and (viii) the immovable properties leased or sub-leased to the Company under the Restricted Land Lease Agreements.	The Instrument 7.8% Senior Secured Note is issued for a period of 7 Years maturing in January 2031. Coupon rate for the instrument is 7.8% p.a and interest to be paid off semi-annually. Refinancing amount (opex) to be repaid at the time of maturity of instrument and capex amount is to be repaid in multiple instalments as per repayment schedule in the offer document.	3,227.35	-
2	Working capital loans	Bank	Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	First ranking pari passu mortgage or charge over: (a) the immovable, movable and current assets of the Company; (b) rights under the power purchase agreements, project documents and insurance policies of the Company; (c) 100% of the shares of the Company; (d) debt will also be cross guaranteed by all Co-issuers (e) AGRJ-3 Fund guarantee (75 of total facilities) Co issuers are defined as: SAEL Limited, Sunfree Paschim Renewable Energy Private Limited, SAEL Solar Solutions Private Limited, Jasrasar Green Power Energy Private Limited, SAEL Kaithal Renewable Energy Private Limited and Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited.	The rate of interest shall be sum of the RBI Repo Rate + Spread per annum, plus applicable statutory levy, if any.	250.00	-
3	Non convertible debentures*	Financial Institutions	India Infradebt Limited	First ranking pari passu mortgage or charge over: a) Mortgage of the entire immovable properties of the Company (whether freehold or leasehold), both present and future; b) Charge by way of hypothecation on the entire movable properties of the Company, both present and future, including movable plant and machinery, machinery spares, tools and accessories, furniture, fixtures, vehicles and all other movable properties; c) Charge on the entire cash flows, receivables, book debts and revenues of the Company of whatsoever nature and wherever arising, both present and future including monies lying in the Debt Service Reserve Account, surplus account and any cash trap account; d) Charge by way of assignment or hypothecation of all the rights, title, interest, benefits, claims and demands whatsoever of the Company in the Project Documents (to the extent permitted), duly acknowledged and consented to by the relevant counter-parties, e) Pledge of 100% of the equity shares of the Company; and f) an irrevocable and unconditional corporate guarantee from each Guarantor (on a joint and several basis)(refer note 43) in favour of the Common Security Trustee, in accordance with the terms of the Amended and Restated Cross Guarantee Agreement; g) Personal Guarantee of Mr. Jasbir Singh; h) Surplus account maintained in terms of the Trust and Retention Account Agreement; and i) Charge on the contingency account and master surplus account maintained at SAEL Limited level in terms of the trust and retention account agreement entered into by SAEL Limited. j) Surplus accounts of the Co-Issuers/other than the Company and SAEL Limited maintained in terms of their respective trust and retention account agreement. Co-issuers is defined as all of the issuer, i.e. SAEL Limited, Canal Solar Energy Private Limited, Laxjeet Renewable Energy Private Limited and Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited	Rate of interest is @ 9.85% p.a. (31 March 2024: 9.85%.) subject to an increase of 0.25% for each notch of a downgrade of External Credit Rating. Interest is payable on a monthly basis. The loan is repayable in 40 installments starting from March 2023 and ending in November 2032. The Company has prepaid the entire loan during the current year.	-	981.24
4	Vehicle loan*	Bank	AU Small finance Bank	The loan has been sanctioned against vehicle.	Rate of interest is @ 8.50% p.a. (31 March 2024: 8.50% p.a.) The loan is repayable in 60 monthly installments starting from February 2021 and ending in February 2026.	-	1.96
5	Working Capital Term Loan	Bank	ICICI bank	(A) Primary security:- Charge on entire present and future current assets of the Company. (B) Collateral security:- Charge on the existing properties held as collateral. The additional working capital term loan granted shall rank pari passu with the existing credit facilities in terms of cash flows.	Rate of interest is @ 7.50% p.a. (31 March 2024: 7.50% p.a.)	-	149.97
				Total		**3,477.35**	**1,133.16**

*During the current year, the Company has prepaid the loan (refer note 45)

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36 Related party disclosure

In accordance with Ind AS-24 on related parties disclosures where control exist and where transactions have taken place and description of the relationships as identified and certified by the management are as follows:

36.1 Name of related parties and description of relationship

Name of the party	Relationship
Entities holding control over the Company	
SAEL Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company (w.e.f. 04 July 2022)
SAEL Limited	Intermediate Holding Company
Subsidiary	
Chattargarh Renewable Energy Private Limited	Wholly owned subsidiary
Key managerial personnel (KMP)	
Mr. Sukhbir Singh	Director
Mr. Satinder Kaur	Director (w.e.f. 09 February 2024)
Mr. Jasbir Singh	Director (upto 09 February 2024)
Mr. Ram Pravesh	Company Secretary
Mrs. Palki Awla	Relative of director
Mrs. Seema Awla	Relative of director
Mrs. Neetu Awla	Relative of director
Fellow subsidiaries	
SAEL Solar MHP1 Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
SAEL Solar MHP2 Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
SAEL Solar P9 Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
SAEL Solar P10 Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
Sunfree North East Renewable Energy Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
Sunfree Paschim Renewable Energy Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
SAEL Kaithal Renewable Energy Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
Sunfree Energy Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
SAEL Engineering Private Limited	Fellow subsidiary
TNA Renewable Energy Private Limited (Bhadra)	Fellow subsidiary
SAEL Agri Commodities Limited	Fellow subsidiary

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36.2 Transaction with related parties

S. No.	Particular	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
1	**Current loan given**		
	Chattargarh Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	489.25
2	**Non current loan given to fellow subsidiary**		
	Sunfree Energy Private Limited	2,044.50	-
	SAEL Solar MHP1 Private Limited	4,220.00	-
	SAEL Solar MHP2 Private Limited	3,370.70	-
3	**Current loan given to fellow subsidiary**		
	SAEL Solar P10 Private Limited	4.20	-
	SAEL Solar MHP1 Private Limited	3.80	-
4	**Investment through Compulsorily Convertible Debentures ("CCD")**		
	SAEL Solar P9 Private Limited	2,305.80	-
	SAEL Solar P10 Private Limited	2,305.80	-
5	**Receipt of current loan given**		
	SAEL Industries Limited	195.72	596.53
	Chattargarh Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	298.48
6	**Interest Income on non current loans**		
	Chattargarh Renewable Energy Private Limited	33.33	30.30
	Sunfree Energy Private Limited	32.58	-
	SAEL Solar MHP1 Private Limited	67.26	-
	SAEL Solar MHP2 Private Limited	53.72	-
7	**Interest income on CCD**		
	SAEL Solar P9 Private Limited	7.17	-
	SAEL Solar P10 Private Limited	7.17	-
8	**Expenses incurred on behalf of the Company**		
	SAEL Limited	-	0.09
	SAEL Engineering Private Limited	-	2.32
	SAEL Industries Limited	48.08	-
9	**Expenses paid on behalf of related party**		
	TNA Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	1.29
	SAEL Kaithal Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	0.26
10	**Purchase of property, plant and equipment**		
	SAEL Engineering Private Limited	4.97	-
	SAEL Industries Limited	0.62	-
	SAEL Kaithal Renewable Energy Private Limited	0.72	-
11	**Sale of property, plant and equipment**		
	TNA Renewable Energy Private Limited (Bhadra)	0.39	-
	SAEL Agri Commodities Limited	3.30	-
12	**Repayment of current borrowings**		
	SAEL Limited	-	430.68
	SAEL Agri Commodities Limited	-	7.35
13	**Non current borrowings from Intermediate Holding Company**		
	SAEL Limited	11,691.29	1,076.58
14	**Non current borrowings from Ultimate Holding Company**		
	SAEL Industries Limited	371.98	-
15	**Finance costs**		
	SAEL Limited	259.41	66.44
	SAEL Industries Limited	8.44	-

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36.3 Outstanding balances

S. No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
1	**Current Loan to Ultimate Holding Company**		
	SAEL Industries Limited	-	195.72
2	**Non current loans to Subsidiary Company**		
	Chattargarh Renewable Energy Private Limited	367.89	334.56
3	**Non current loans to fellow subsidiaries**		
	Sunfree Energy Private Limited	522.02	-
	SAEL Solar MHP1 Private Limited	1,081.29	-
	SAEL Solar MHP2 Private Limited	860.66	-
4	**Current loan to Subsidiary Company**		
	SAEL Solar P10 Private Limited	4.20	-
	SAEL Solar MHP1 Private Limited	3.80	-
5	**Receivables from related party**		
	Mr. Jasbir Singh	1.75	1.75
	SAEL Agri Commidities Limited	8.96	5.66
	TNA Renewable Energy Privat Limited	1.67	1.29
	SAEL Kaithal Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	0.26
6	**Non current borrowings**		
	SAEL Limited	3,795.62	737.40
	SAEL Industries Limited	97.49	-
7	**Other financial liabilites**		
	SAEL Limited	-	0.31
	SAEL Kaithal Renewable Energy Private Limited	0.46	
	SAEL Engineering Private Limited	7.28	2.32
	SAEL Industries Limited	48.08	
8	**Security deposit**		
	Mrs. Palki Awla	-	6.67
	Mrs Neetu Awla	-	6.67
	Mrs. Seema Awla	-	6.67
9	**Deemed ivestment accounted in terms of fair valuation under Ind AS 109 (net of tax):**		
	Chattargarh Renewable Energy Private Limited	136.89	133.53
10	**Investment in CCD**		
	SAEL Solar P9 Private Limited	2,305.80	-
	SAEL Solar P10 Private Limited	2,305.80	-
11	**Investment in Subsidiary Company**		
	Chattargarh Renewable Energy Private Limited	0.10	0.10
12	**Contribution from Ultimate Holding and Intermediate Holding Company**		
	SAEL Limited	9,185.26	405.61
	SAEL Industries Limited	282.93	-
13	**Co-guarantee given by Intermediate Holding Company and fellow subsidiaries forming part of restricted group with respect to non convertible debentures of the Company**		
	SAEL Limited, Laxject Renewable Energy Private Limited, Sunfree Paschim Renewable Energy Private Limited, Canal Solar Energy Private Limited	-	10,505.66
14	**Co-guarantee given by the Company with respect to non convertible debentures of Intermediate Holding Company and fellow subsidiaries forming part of restricted group**		
	SAEL Limited (Holding Company)	-	8,966.75
	Laxject Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	191.01
	Sunfree Paschim Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	798.29
	Canal Solar Energy Private Limited	-	549.61

Notes

(i) All transactions with related parties are made on the terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and within the ordinary course of business. Outstanding balances at respective year/period ends are unsecured and settlement is generally done in cash.

(ii) The above information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company and relied upon by the auditors.

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37 Employee benefits

Defined contribution

Contributions are made to the recognised provident fund and covers all eligible employees under applicable Acts. Both the employees and the Company make pre-determined contributions to the provident fund. The contributions are normally based upon a proportion of the employee's salary.

Defined benefit obligation

Provision for gratuity, payable to eligible employees on retirement/separation, is based upon an actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date. Major drivers in actuarial assumptions, typically, are years of service and employee compensation. The obligations are actuarially determined using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' as at the balance sheet date. Gains/ losses on changes in actuarial assumptions are accounted in Other Comprehensive Income as identified by the management of the Company.

Other long term employee benefits

Provision for compensated absences, payable to eligible employees on availment/ retirement/ separation, is based upon an actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date. Major drivers in actuarial assumptions, typically, are years of service and employee compensation. The obligation are actuarially determined using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' as at the balance sheet date. Gains/ losses on changes in actuarial assumptions are accounted in Other Comprehensive Income.

The following are the amounts recognised in Statement of Profit or Loss:

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Employer's contribution to Employee's Provident Fund	1.72	3.62
Employer's contribution to Employee's State Insurance	0.38	1.00
Total	**2.10**	**4.62**

Particulars	Gratuity	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Reconciliation of liability recognised in the Balance sheet:		
Present value of commitments	5.56	10.79
Net liability in the balance sheet	5.56	10.79
Movement in net liability recognised in the Balance sheet:		
Net liability as at the beginning of the year	10.79	9.41
Net amount recognised as expenses in the statement of profit and loss	1.72	2.69
Remeasurements-actuarial (gains) / losses	(6.94)	(1.31)
Net liability as at the end of the year	**5.56**	**10.79**
Expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss		
Current service cost	0.94	1.99
Interest cost	0.78	0.69
Expenses charged to the statement of profit and loss	**1.72**	**2.69**
Component of defined benefit cost recognised in other comprehensive income	**(6.94)**	**(1.31)**
Current value of defined benefit obligation	0.77	1.80
Non current value of defined benefit obligation	4.80	8.99

Particulars	Gratuity	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Reconciliation of defined-benefit commitments:		
Obligations as at the beginning of the year	10.79	9.41
Current service cost	0.94	1.99
Interest cost	0.78	0.69
Remeasurements- actuarial (gains) / losses	(6.94)	(1.31)
Obligations as at the end of the year	**5.56**	**10.79**

Breakup of actuarial (gain) / loss

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Actuarial (gain)/loss on arising from experience adjustment	(6.90)	(1.50)
Actuarial (gain)/loss on arising form change in financial assumptions	(0.04)	0.18
Total actuarial (gain)/loss	**(6.94)**	**(1.31)**

The actuarial valuation in respect of commitments and expenses relating to unfunded gratuity are based on the following assumptions which if changed, would affect the commitment's size, funding requirements and expenses:

(a) Economic assumptions

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Discount rate*	7.28%	7.22%
Salary escalation rate (in %)	8.00%	8.00%

** Discount rate taken as on 07 March 2025.*

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(b) Demographic assumptions

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Retirement age	58 years	58 years
Ages (withdrawal rate) (in %)		
Up to 30 years	3.00%	3.00%
From 31 to 44 years	2.00%	2.00%
Above 44 years	1.00%	1.00%
Mortality table	100% of Indian Assured Lives Mortality (IALM) (2012-14)	100% of Indian Assured Lives Mortality (IALM) (2012-14)

As at 31 March 2025, the weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation was 17.50 years (31 March 2024 : 16.36 years).
These assumptions were developed by management with the assistance of independent actuarial appraisers. Discount factors are determined close to each year end by reference to government bonds of relevant economic markets and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Other assumptions are based on management's historical experience.

(c) Sensitivity analysis of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	Gratuity	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
a) Impact of the change in discount rate		
i) Impact due to increase of 0.50%	(0.33)	(0.65)
ii) Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	0.36	0.72
b) Impact of the change in salary increase		
i) Impact due to increase of 0.50%	0.35	0.71
ii) Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	(0.32)	(0.65)

Sensitivities due to mortality and withdrawals are not material & hence impact of change not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement & life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement

(d) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation (undiscounted)

Particulars	Gratuity	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Less than 1 year	2.35	1.80
1 to 2 year	0.15	0.17
2 to 3 year	0.17	0.25
3 to 4 year	0.19	0.35
4 to 5 year	0.08	0.27
5 to 6 year	0.17	0.25
More than 6 years	2.44	7.70

The contribution expected to be made by the Company during the next financial year 2025-26 of Rs. 1.51 millions (2024-25: Rs.0.54 millions)

(e) Other long-term employment benefits
An actuarial valuation of compensated absences has been carried out by an independent actuary using the Projected Unit Credit method. The amount recognised as an expense towards compensated absences for the year amounts to Rs. 2.22 millions reversal (31 March 2024: Rs 1.67 millions). As at 31 March 2025, provision for compensated absences amounts to Rs 1.49 millions (31 March 2024: Rs 3.71 millions) presented as provision for employee benefits in note 26 - Provisions. Since the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for any of the leave obligations, it disclosed the amount as current liabilities. However, the Company does not expect that all leave obligations will be settled in the next 12 months.

Particulars	Compensated absences	
	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year		
Compensated absences	1.49	3.71
Current and non-current liability bifurcation		
Non current	-	-
Current	1.49	3.71

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38 Earnings per share

Both the basic and diluted earnings per share have been calculated using the loss attributable to shareholders of the Company as the numerator, i.e. no adjustments to profit were necessary.

The reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share to the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share is as follows:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Loss attributable to owners	(188.07)	(30.64)
Number of equity shares	28,142,000	28,142,000
Weighted average number of shares used in diluted earnings per share	28,142,000	28,142,000
Weighted average number of shares used in basic earnings per share	28,142,000	28,142,000
Basic earning per share (face value of Rs. 10/- each)	(6.68)	(1.09)
Diluted earning per share (face value of Rs. 10/- each)	(6.68)	(1.09)

39 Details of assets pledged

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Current		
Inventories	177.79	360.40
Investments	0.64	0.60
Trade receivables	73.81	136.51
Cash and cash equivalents	92.41	25.86
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	91.57
Loans	8.00	195.72
Other financial assets	47.31	17.09
Other current assets	132.00	34.90
Total	531.96	862.65
Non-current		
Property, plant and equipment	1,685.20	272.56
Capital work-in-progress	9.18	1,158.64
Investments	4,748.59	135.63
Loans	2,828.06	334.55
Other financial assets	298.60	20.00
Other non current assets	65.50	181.71
Total	**9,635.14**	**2,103.08**
Grand total	10,167.10	2,965.73

40 Expenditure incurred during construction period

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Opening balance	86.14	19.70
Trial run fuel consumption	23.08	
Finance costs	66.60	66.44
Total	**175.81**	**86.14**
Less: Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(175.81)	-
Net amount included in capital work in progress	-	**86.14**

41 Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities pursuant to Ind AS-7 Statement of Cash Flows:

31 March 2025

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	Cash flows		Non cash changes	As at 31 March 2025
		Additions	Payments		
Non current borrowings (including current maturities)	1,519.25	15,459.90	(1,043.90)	(9,157.44)	6,777.81
Current borrowings (net)	250.65	250.00	(149.97)	(100.69)	250.00
Interest accrued on borrowings	-	-	(491.64)	491.64	-
Total liabilities from financing activities	**1,769.90**	**15,709.90**	**(1,685.50)**	**(8,766.49)**	**7,027.81**

31 March 2024

Particulars	As at 01 April 2023	Cash flows		Non cash changes	As at 31 March 2024
		Additions	Payments		
Non current borrowings (including current maturities)	964.21	929.50	-	(374.46)	1,519.25
Current borrowings (net)	687.68	-	-	(437.02)	250.65
Interest accrued on borrowings	-	-	(118.92)	118.92	-
Total liabilities from financing activities	**1,651.88**	**929.50**	**(118.92)**	**(692.56)**	**1,769.90**

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42 Co-guarantee provided to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries:

Ultimate Beneficiaries	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
SAEL Limited (Holding Company)	-	8,966.75
Laxjeet Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	191.01
Sunfree Paschim Renewable Energy Private Limited	-	798.29
Canal Solar Energy Private Limited	-	549.61
Total	-	**10,505.66**

The Company has complied with relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013, and the prevention of the Money- Laundering Act 2002 (15 of 2003).

43 Contingent liability

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Co-guarantee issued (refer note 42)	-	10,505.66
Disputed demand for Income tax*	37.30	57.26
Total	**37.30**	**10,562.92**

*Company has paid under protest amount of Rs. 3.96 million (31 March 2024: 3.96 million) against the same demand. Further, the Department has adjusted Rs. 3.87 million, Rs. 2.11 million and Rs. 7.67 million against the refund order received for Assessment Year 2020-2021, 2024-2025 and 2023-2024 dated 20 March 2024, 12 December 2024 and 25 March 2024 respectively for Assessment Year 2019-2020

All the matters above are subject to legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business. The management is confident that its position to be upheld in the appeals pending before various appellate authorities and no liabilities could arise on the Company on account of these proceedings.

44 Capital commitments

Particulars	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	-	249.33
Total	-	**249.33**

45 Exceptional items

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2025	For the year ended 31 March 2024
Loan prepayment charges	63.13	-
Total	**63.13**	-

Note:
(i) During the year exceptional items includes prepayment charges and unamortise portion of the existing loan repaid by the Company on early repayment of its loan taken from lenders.

46 Corporate social responsibility expenditure

Particulars	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
1. Amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Act:	-	0.72
2. Amount spent during the year on:		
(i) Construction/ acquisition of an asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	-	0.72
3. Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
4. Total of previous year shortfall	-	-
5. Reason of shortfall	-	-
6. Nature of CSR activities	Promoting healthcare, education, environment sustainability, COVID-19 relief and social welfare projects	Promoting healthcare, education, environment sustainability, COVID-19 relief and social welfare projects
7. Details of related party transactions in relation to CSR expenditure	-	-
8. Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractul obligation, the movements in the provision during the year	NA	NA

*During the year, CSR is not applicable on the Company as per the requirement of section 135 of Companies Act' 2013

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47 Ratios

The followings are the analytical ratio for the year ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2025	31 March 2024	Variance
Current Ratio	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	0.73	2.37	-69.20%$
Debt Equity Ratio	Debts consist of borrowings	Total equity	3.04	1.71	77.61%$
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earning for debts service = net profit after taxes + non-cash opearting expenses + interest + other non-cash adjustments	Debts service = Interest and lease payment + principal repayment	0.20	2.69	-92.51%@
Return on Equity Ratio	Profit for the year less preference dividend (if any)	Average total equity	-11.24%	-3.40%	230.99%*
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of good sold	Average inventory	1.04	1.14	-9.34%
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivable	6.21	6.09	2.02%
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Purchases + other expenses	Average trade payable	8.20	26.77	-69.38%#
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Average working capital (i.e. total current assets less total current liabilities	(3.34)	1.32	-353.74%$
Net Profit Ratio	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	-28.79%	-4.66%	517.84%*
Return on Capital Employed	Profit before tax and finances cost	Capital employed = Net worth + lease liabilities + deferred tax liabilities	2.61%	2.63%	-0.90%
Return on Investment	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds in treasury investments	5.86%	6.03%	-2.80%

Reasons for variance

$ Increase in borrowings and finance cost in current year resulted in movement in ratio.

@ During the year there is a prepayment of loan taken which has resulted in decreased ratio.

*During the year, the Company has incurred higher losses as compared to previous year which results in decrease in ratio.

During the current year, purchase of raw material has decreased which has resulted in decreased ratio.

48 Other statutory disclosures

a) The Company has not been declared a 'Willful Defaulter' by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulter issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

b) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction, which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies, beyond the statutory period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder.

c) The Company has not entered into any transaction which has not been recorded in the books of account, that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

d) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.

e) The Company does not have any benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.

f) The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under Section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

g) The Company has been sanctioned a working capital limit by bank on the basis of security of current assets. Pursuant to the term of sanctioned letters, the Company is not required to file quarterly return or statement with such bank.

h) The Company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

i) The Company has adopted cost model for its property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets). Hence, Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment during the current or previous period.

j) The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current or previous years.

49 Segment reporting

The Company is engaged in the business of sale of electricity. Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews the financial information of the Company as a whole for decision-making and accordingly the Company has a single reportable segment. All the revenue has been billed to a single customer. Further, the operations of the Company are limited within one geographical segment. Hence, no further disclosure is required to be made.

50 Details for funds received and loaned as intermediary

a) Funds received from entity (Funding Party):

Funding Party	Date	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
SAEL Limited Registered Address: Faridkot Road Guruharsahai Distt Ferozepur Guruharsahai Punjab - 152022	01 August 2024	11,691.30	-
		11,691.30	-

b) **Funds** lend to other entity (Ultimate Beneficiaries)

Ultimate Beneficiaries	Date	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
SAEL Solar MHP1 Private Limited Registered Address: Faridkot Road Guruharsahai Distt Ferozepur Guruharsahai Punjab - 152022	01 August 2024	4,220.00	-
SAEL Solar MHP2 Private Limited Registered Address: Faridkot Road Guruharsahai Distt Ferozepur Guruharsahai Punjab - 152022	01 August 2024	3,370.70	-
Sunfree Energy Private Limited Registered Address: Opposite Town Hall Distt. Ferozepur, Punjab.	01 August 2024	2,044.50	-
SAEL Solar P9 Private Limited Registered Address: Faridkot Road Guruharsahai Distt Ferozepur Guruharsahai Punjab - 152022	15 January 2025 to 17 January 2025	2,056.10	-
		11,691.30	

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51 Audit Trail

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled

The Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of audit trail (edit log) facility and the same was enabled at the application level. During the year ended 31 March 2025, the Company has not enabled the feature of recording audit trail (edit log) at the database level for the said accounting software to log any direct data changes on account of storage space constraint and impacting database performance significantly.

52 Consolidation

As per Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 as amended by Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2016, the Company has availed exemption for preparation of consolidated financial statements, being intermediate wholly owned subsidiary Company of SAEL Industries Limited, who prepares the consolidated financial statements as per the applicable regulations.

53 Subsequent event

The Company has evaluated events and transactions, which occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the date when financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent event which are required to be disclosed.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No : 001076N/N500013

Tarun Gupta
Partner
Membership no. 507892

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. : 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Proprietor
Membership no. 098917

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Universal Biomass Energy Private Limited

Sukhbir Singh
Director
DIN: 01785240

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Satinder Kaur
Additional Director
DIN: 07087936

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025

Puja Gupta
Company Secretary
Membership no. A75455

Place: New Delhi
Date: 11 June 2025