Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
21st floor, DLF Square, Jacaranda Marg,
DLF Phase II, Gurugram 122002

G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Malwal Road, Ferozepur City,
Punjab 152002, India

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the period from 07 August 2023 (date of incorporation) to 31 March 2024, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2024, and its loss (including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the period ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

4. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. Other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

   Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

   In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

   The Director Report is not made available to us at the date of this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

WALKER CHANDIOK & CO LLP * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS *

G.D. SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS *
FRM : 017648N
FEROZEPUR CITY

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

5. The accompanying financial statements have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors. The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

6. In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

7. The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

9. As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, specified under section 143(10) of the Act we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

   - Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;

   - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls;

   - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;

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- Conclude on the appropriateness of Board of Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern; and

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

11. Based on our audit, we report that the Company has not paid or provided for any managerial remuneration during the period. Accordingly, reporting under section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable.

12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ('the Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act we give in the Annexure A a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

13. Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by section 143(3) of the Act based on our audit, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

    a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the accompanying financial statements;

    b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);

    c) The financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;

    d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Ind AS specified under section 133 of the Act;

    e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31 March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;

    f) The modification relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 13(b) above on reporting under section 143(3)(b) of the Act and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended);

    g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as on 31 March 2024 and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure B wherein we have expressed an unmodified opinion; and

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h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company does not have any pending litigation which would impact its financial position as at 31 March 2024;

ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at 31 March 2024.

iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the period ended 31 March 2024.

iv.

a. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 41 (h) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or securities premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the intermediaries'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ('the Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

b. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note 41 (i) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ('the Funding Parties'), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ('Ultimate Beneficiaries') or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

c. Based on such audit procedures performed as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clauses (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the period ended 31 March 2024.

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G.D. SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES ★ CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS ★ FRM : 017648N FEROZEPUR CITY

vi. As stated in Note 43 to the financial statements and based on our examination which included test checks, the Company, in respect of financial year commencing on 1 April 2023, has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility, however the same has not been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Danish Ahmed
Partner
Membership No.: 522144
UDIN: 24522144BKFODT2120

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

For **G.D. Singhal & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership No.: 098947
UDIN: 24098947BKFCVB5850

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

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Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited on the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2024

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

(i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress.

(B) The Company does not have any intangible assets and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Order') is not applicable to the Company.

(b) The property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress have been physically verified by the management during the period and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification/ material discrepancies were noticed on such verification which have been properly dealt with in the books of account. In our opinion, the frequency of physical verification programme adopted by the Company, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.

(c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties held by the Company disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company. For title deeds of immovable properties in the nature of land situated at Village Patan, Teshil Kishangarh, District Ajmer with gross carrying values of Rs. 172,400.00 thousand as at 31 March 2024, which have been mortgaged as security for loans or borrowings taken by the Company, confirmations with respect to title of the Company have been directly obtained by us from the respective lenders.

(d) The Company has adopted cost model for its Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(e) No proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended) and rules made thereunder.

(ii) (a) The management has conducted physical verification of inventory at reasonable intervals during the period. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by the management is appropriate and no discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed as compared to book records.

(b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits by banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets at any point of time during the period. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(iii) The Company has not made any investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships (LLPs) or any other parties during the period. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(iv) The Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 and 186 of the Act. Accordingly reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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G.D. SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS *
FRM : 017648N
FEROZEPUR CITY

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited on the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

(v) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits or there are no amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(vi) The Central Government has not specified maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Act, in respect of Company's products/ services / business activities. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable.

(vii)(a) In our opinion, and according to the information and explanations given to us, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and other material statutory dues, as applicable, have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company, though there have been slight delays in a few cases. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the period-end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no statutory dues referred to in subclause (a) above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.

(viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, no transactions were surrendered or disclosed as income during the period in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) which have not been previously recorded in the books of accounts.

(ix) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, money raised by way of term loans were applied for the purposes for which these were obtained.

(d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short term basis have, prima facie, not been utilised for long term purposes.

(e) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) and clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(x) (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments), during the period. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or (fully, partially or optionally) convertible debentures during the period. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period covered by our audit.

WALKER CHANDIOK & CO LLP CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
G.D. SINGHAL & ASSOCIATES FIRM REGN. FEROZEPUR CITY CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited on the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, no report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, with the Central Government for the period covered by our audit.

(c) According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the period.

(xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered into by the Company, with the related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required under Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 24, Related Party Disclosures specified in Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules 2015 as prescribed under section 133 of the Act. Further, according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to constitute an audit committee under section 177 of the Act.

(xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to and consequently, does not have an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xv) of the Order with respect to compliance with the provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

(xvi) (a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(b) Based on the information and explanations given to us and as represented by the management of the Company, the Group (as defined in Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any CIC.

(xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs 3,519.35 in the current period since date of incorporation.

(xviii) There has been resignation of the statutory auditors during the period and based on the information and explanations given to us by the management and the response received by us pursuant to our communication with the outgoing auditors, there have been no issues, objections or concerns raised by the outgoing auditors.

(xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information in the financial statements, our knowledge of the plans of the Board of Directors and management and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

Annexure A referred to in Paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited on the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

(xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not meet the criteria as specified under sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and according, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

(xxi) The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements of the Company. Accordingly, no comment has been included in respect of said clause under this report.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Danish Ahmed
Partner
Membership No.: 522144
UDIN: 24522144BKFODT2120

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

For **G.D. Singhal & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership No.: 098947
UDIN: 24098947BKFCVB5850

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

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Punjab 152002, India

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited on the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2024

Independent Auditor's Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

1. In conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited ('the Company') as at and for the period ended 31 March 2024, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company as at that date.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential component of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Company's business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, and the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ('the Guidance Note') issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements .

WALKER CHANDIOK & CO LLP * CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS *

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Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited on the financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2024(continued)

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements include those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Financial Statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at 31 March 2024, based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For **Walker Chandiok & Co LLP**
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Danish Ahmed
Partner
Membership No.: 522144
UDIN: 24522144BKFODT2120

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

For **G.D. Singhal & Associates**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership No.: 098947
UDIN: 24098947BKFCVB5850

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited
CIN- U35105PB2023PTC059269
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Notes	As at 31 March 2024
Assets		
Non current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	3	14,03,596.55
Capital work-in-progress	4	4,30,495.10
Financial assets		
Other financial assets	5	47,555.95
Non-current tax assets (net)	7	357.02
Other non current assets	8	3,89,187.27
Total non current assets		**22,71,191.89**
Current assets		
Inventories	9	21,741.34
Financial assets		
Trade receivables	10	8,742.80
Cash and cash equivalents	11	3,27,746.23
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	12	1,24,159.90
Other financial assets	13	4,00,032.00
Other current assets	14	78,382.90
Total current assets		**9,60,805.17**
Total assets		**32,31,997.06**
Equity and liabilities		
Equity		
Equity share capital	15	4,100.00
Other equity	16	3,81,524.23
		3,85,624.23
Liabilities		
Non current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	17	21,08,274.32
Provisions	18	350.08
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	6	46,868.92
Total non current liabilities		**21,55,493.32**
Current liabilities		
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	19	2,42,509.24
Trade payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		-
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	20	22,864.80
Other financial liabilities	21	4,19,250.25
Other current liabilities	22	5,891.56
Provisions	23	363.66
Total current liabilities		**6,90,879.51**
Total equity and liabilities		**32,31,997.06**
Summary of material accounting policies	2	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Danish Ahmed
Partner
Membership no. 522144

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership no. 098947

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Jasbir Singh
Director
DIN no - 01668231

Laxit Awla
Director
DIN no - 06976288

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited
CIN- U35105PB2023PTC059269
Statement of Profit and Loss for the period from 7 August 2023 to 31 March 2024

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Notes	For the period from 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024
Revenue		
Revenue from operations	24	7,806.08
Other income	25	1,708.77
Total revenue		**9,514.85**
Expenses		
Cost of materials consumed	26	6,486.38
Change in inventories of finished goods	27	(209.43)
Employee benefits expense	28	1,088.65
Other expenses	30	2,286.99
Total expense		**9,652.59**
Earning before finance costs, tax, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA)		**(137.74)**
Finance costs	29	3,381.60
Depreciation and amortisation expense	29	814.95
Loss before tax		**(4,334.29)**
Tax expense		
Current tax		-
Deferred tax benefit		(617.51)
Total tax benefit		**(617.51)**
Loss for the period		**(3,716.78)**
Other comprehensive income		-
Total comprehensive loss		**(3,716.78)**
Earnings per share	35	
Basic loss per share		(47.68)
Diluted loss per share		(47.68)
Summary of material accounting policies	2	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Danish Ahmed
Partner
Membership no. 522144

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership no. 098947

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Jasbir Singh
Director
DIN no - 01668231

Laxit Awla
Director
DIN no - 06976288

SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited
CIN- U35105PB2023PTC059269
Statement of Cash Flows for the period from 7 August 2023 to 31 March 2024

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	For the period from 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024
A CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Loss before tax	(4,334.29)
Adjustments for:	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	814.95
Finance costs	3,381.60
Interest income on bank deposits	(1,708.77)
Operating profit before working capital changes	**(1,846.51)**
Movement in working capital	
Increase in trade receivables	(8,742.80)
Increase in inventories	(21,741.34)
Increase in other current and non-current financial assets	(4,02,819.00)
Increase in other current and non-current assets	(78,382.89)
Increase in trade payables	22,864.80
Increase in other current and non-current financial liabilities	610.29
Increase in provisions	713.75
Increase in other current and non-current liabilities	5,891.56
Cash flows generated from operating activities post working capital changes	**(4,83,452.13)**
Income tax paid (net)	(357.02)
Net cash used in operating activities (A)	**(4,83,809.15)**
B CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Payment made for property, plant and equipment (including capital work-in-progress, capital creditors and capital advances)	(17,77,737.58)
Interest received	1,708.77
Fixed deposits made during the period	(1,68,928.85)
Net cash used in investing activities (B)	**(19,44,957.66)**
C CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from issue of shares	1,60,100.00
Proceeds of non current borrowings	25,91,362.56
Finance costs paid	5,050.48
Net cash generated from financing activities (C)	**27,56,513.04**
Increasd in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	3,27,746.23
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	3,27,746.23

*Refer note 38 for reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities

Summary of material accounting policies 2
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Danish Ahmed
Partner
Membership no. 522444

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership no. 098947

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Jasbir Singh
Director
DIN no - 01668231

Laxit Awla
Director
DIN no - 06976288

SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited
CIN- U35105PB2023PTC059269
Statement of Changes in Equity for the period from 7 August 2023 to 31 March 2024

A Equity share capital

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Balance as at 07 August 2023	Issue of equity share capital during the year	Balance as at 31 March 2024
Equity share capital	-	4,100.00	4,100.00

B Other equity

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Reserve and surplus			Total
	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Contribution from Holding Company (net of tax)	
Balance as at 07 August 2023	-	-	-	-
Loss for the period	-	(3,716.78)	-	(3,716.78)
Contribution received during the year (refer note 17)			2,29,241.01	2,29,241.01
Addition during the period	1,56,000.00	-		1,56,000.00
Balance as at 31 March 2024	**1,56,000.00**	**(3,716.78)**	**2,29,241.01**	**3,81,524.23**

Summary of material accounting policies 2
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Danish Ahmed
Partner
Membership no. 522144

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 017648N

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership no. 098947

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Jasbir Singh
Director
DIN no - 01668231

Laxit Awla
Director
DIN no - 06976288

SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited
CIN- U35105PB2023PTC059269
Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024

1 **i) Corporate information**

The Company, SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited was incorporated as of 07 August 2023 under the Companies Act, 2013. The Company is domiciled in India with its registered office situated at Faridkot Road, Guruharsahai, Distt. Ferozepur, Punjab. The Company is domiciled in India primarily involved in solar module manufacturing and having a 2 GW at Land Kh.no. 354/2 New Kh.no. 844/354, Village Patan, Tehsil - Kishangarh, Ajmer, Rajasthan, 305801.

The financial statements have been authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 May 2024

ii) Amended Accounting Standards (Ind AS) and interpretations effective during the period

- Ind AS 12 Income Taxes: The amendments clarified that lease transactions give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences and financial statements should reflect the future tax impacts of these transactions through recognizing deferred tax assets/liabilities on gross basis.
- Ind AS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: The amendments require to disclose 'material accounting policies' instead of 'significant accounting policies' and related guidance to determine whether the policy is material or not.
- Ind AS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definition of accounting estimates have now been included in the standard enabling distinction between change in accounting estimates from change in accounting policies.

The Company has adopted these amendments effective 1 April 2023, and the adoption did not have any material impact on the Financial Statements.

2 **Material accounting policies**

2.01 **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time), Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) (Amendment) Rules, 2016 and the relevant provisions of the Act. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use. Refer 1 (ii) above for certain amendments to the standards which have become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023.

The financial statements are presented in INR and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands with two decimals except where otherwise indicated.

Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

- Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivatives instruments) at fair value, if any.

2.02 **Use of estimates**

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on the management's best knowledge of current events and actions, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in the outcomes requiring a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods.

2.03 **Foreign currency translation**

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Company at its functional currency spot rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities if any that are measured based on historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. All exchange differences, except those relating to long-term monetary foreign currency items, are dealt with in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.04 **Revenue**

Revenue recognition The five step model of Ind AS 115 - 'Revenue from Contracts from Customers' is used to determine whether revenue should be recognised at a point in time or over time, and at what amount is as below:

- Step 1: Identify the contract with the customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expectsto receive in exchange for those products and which coincides with the dispatch of goods.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, adjusted for discounts, price concessions and incentives, if any, as specified in the contract with the customer. Revenue also excludes goods and service tax (GST) collected from customers. Revenue from the sale of goods is net of returns.

B) **Interest income**

Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortized cost of the financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider the expected credit losses. Interest income is included in other income in the Special Purpose Combined Statement of Profit and Loss.

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

2.05 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

2.06 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipments are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of items of the property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any trade discount and rebate, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses and interest on borrowings attributable to acquisition of qualifying property, plant and equipment upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use.

Whenever significant parts of the property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company depreciates them separately based on their specific useful lives. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

Based on technical assessment made by technical expert and management estimate, the Company have assessed the estimated useful lives of certain property, plant and equipment that are different from the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial yearend and adjusted prospectively.

Depreciation on assets provided as follows:-

Estimated useful life

Asset category	Estimated useful life (in years)
Buildings	30
Plant and equipments	15
Furniture and fittings	10
Office equipments	5
Computer equipments	3
Vehicles	10

Method of depreciation

- Depreciation is provided on written down value method (WDV) for all class of assets of the Company

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under 'capital work-in-progress

2.07 Impairment of non-financial assets

For impairment assessment purposes, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are largely independent cash inflows (cash-generating units). As a result, some assets are tested individually for impairment and some are tested at cash-generating unit level. All individual assets or cash-generating units are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's (or cash-generating unit's) carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use. To determine the value-in-use, management estimates expected future cash flows from each cash-generating unit and determines a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The date used for impairment testing procedures are directly linked to the Company's latest approved budget, adjusted as necessary to exclude the effects of future reorganisations and asset enhancements. Discount factors are determined individually for each cash-generating unit and reflect current market assessments of the time value of money and asset-specific risk factors.

Impairment losses are charged in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Further, impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount. The reversal is limited so that the carrying of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior period.

2.08 Financial instruments

Recognition, initial measurement and derecognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument, and, except for trade receivables which do not contain a significant financing component, these are measured initially at:

a) fair value, in case of financial instruments subsequently carried at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL);
b) fair value adjusted for transaction costs, in case of all other financial instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred. A financial liability is derecognised when the underlying obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

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Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Different criteria to determine impairment are applied for each category of financial assets, which are described below.

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in three categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Financial assets, derivatives and equity instruments at FVTPL

(1) Financial assets at amortised cost

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets

The financial assets is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

(a) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and

(b) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognised or impaired, the gain or loss is recognised in the statement of Profit and Loss.

Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind-AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets carried at amortised cost.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider :

- All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

The Company applies simplified approach permitted by Ind AS 109 Financial Instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, life time impairment loss is provided otherwise provides for 12 month expected credit losses.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Financial assets that meet the following conditions are measured initially as well as at the end of each reporting date at fair value, recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI).

a) The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and

b) The contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represent solely payment of principal and interest.

(3) Financial assets at fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). Financial assets that do not meet the amortised cost criteria or FVTOCI criteria are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss incorporates any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

(4) Financial liability

The Company's financial liabilities include borrowings, trade and other payables and derivative financial instruments.

Financial liabilities are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method except for derivatives and financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, which are carried subsequently at fair value with gains or losses recognised in Profit and Loss. For trade and other payables maturing with in one year from the Balance Sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity os these instruments.

Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.09 Current versus non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ noncurrent classification.

An entity shall classify an asset as current when-

(a) it expects to realise the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle;

(b) it holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;

(c) it expects to realise the asset within twelve months after the reporting period; or

(d) the asset is cash or a cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

An entity shall classify all other assets as non-current.

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

An entity shall classify a liability as current when-
(a) it expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
(b) it holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
(c) the liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
(d) it does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in it settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
An entity shall classify all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

Operating cycle
Based on the nature of the operations and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current/non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

2.10 Income taxes
Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Tax expense is recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax
Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year. The amount of current tax payable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset only if certain criteria is met. Current Income tax related to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity as the case may be.

Deferred tax
Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and tax base i.e. amounts used for taxation purposes.
A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation, deductible temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. A deferred tax liability is recognised in respect of taxable temporary differences.
Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.
Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside the statement of profit and loss is recognised outside the statement of profit and loss either in comprehensive income or in equity. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, together with other short-term, highly liquid investments maturing within 90 days from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalent are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.12 Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities
Provisions are recognized only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and measured at the estimated expenditure required to settle the present obligation, based on the most reliable evidence available at the reporting date, including the risks and uncertainties associated with the present obligations as a whole.

Any reimbursement that the entities forming part of Company is virtually certain to collect from a third party with respect to the obligation is recognised as a separate asset. However, this asset may not exceed the amount of the related provision.

No liability is recognised if an outflow of economic resources as a result of present obligations is not probable. Such situations are disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the outflow of resource is remote.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed by way of note unless the possibility of outflow is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed. However, when realization of income is virtually certain, related asset is recognized.

2.13 Employee benefits
Short-term employee benefits
Liabilities for wages and salaries, including nonmonetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include salaries and wages, short-term bonus, pension, incentives etc. These are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

Post-employment benefits plans
The Company provides post-employment benefits through various defined contribution and defined benefit plans.

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

Defined contribution plans

The Company pays fixed contribution into independent entities in relation to several state plans and insurances for individual employees. The Company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay contributions in addition to its fixed contributions, which are recognised as an expense in the period that related employee services are received.

Defined benefit plans

Under the Company's defined benefit plans, the amount of benefit that an employee will receive on retirement is defined by reference to the employee's length of service and final salary. The legal obligation for any benefits remains with the entities forming part of company, even if plan assets for funding the defined benefit plan have been set aside. Plan assets may include assets specifically designated to a long-term benefit fund as well as qualifying insurance policies.

The liability recognised in the balance sheet for defined benefit plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation (DBO) at the reporting date less the fair value of plan assets.

Management estimates the DBO annually with the assistance of independent actuaries. Actuarial gains/losses resulting from re-measurements of the liability/asset are included in other comprehensive income.

Service cost of the Company's defined benefit plan is included in employee benefits expense. Employee contributions, all of which are independent of the number of years of service, are treated as a reduction of service cost. Net interest expense on the net defined benefit liability is included in Profit and Loss. Gains and losses resulting from re-measurements of the net defined benefit liability are included in other comprehensive income.

Other long-term employee benefits

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed within 12 months from the end of the year and are treated as short term employee benefit. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end. Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be available or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of the year are treated as other long term employee benefits. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using market yields on Government securities. Re-measurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise. Past-service costs are recognised immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company presents the entire leave as a current liability in the balance sheet, since it does not have an unconditional right to defer its settlement for 12 months after the reporting date..

2.14 Material management judgement in applying accounting policies

When preparing the financial statement, management makes a number of judgements, estimates and assumptions about the recognition and measurement of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Income tax and deferred tax assets

The Company uses estimates and judgements based on the relevant rulings in the areas of allocation of revenue, costs, allowances and disallowances which is exercised while determining the provision for income tax. A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised. Accordingly, the Company exercises its judgement to reassess the carrying amount of deferred tax assets at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

In assessing impairment, management estimates the recoverable amount of each asset or cash-generating units based on expected future cash flows and uses an interest rate to discount them. Estimation uncertainty relates to assumptions about future operating results and the determination of a suitable discount rate.

Useful lives of depreciable assets

Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets.

2.15 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.16 Measurement of EBITDA

The Company has elected to present earnings before finance costs, tax, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") as a separate line item on the face of the statement of Profit and Loss. The Company measure EBITDA on the basis of profit/(loss) from continuing operations. In the measurement, the Company includes interest income but does not include depreciation and amortization expense, finance costs and tax expense.

2.17 Amendment to Accounting Standards (Ind AS) issued but not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. There are no such recently issued standards or amendments to the existing standards for which the impact on the Restated Consolidated Financial Information is required to be disclosed.

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

3 Property, plant and equipment

Details of Company's property, plant and equipment and their carrying amounts are as follows:

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Freehold land	Buildings	Plant & equipments	Furniture and fittings	Office equipments	Computer equipment	Vehicles	Total
Gross block								
Balance as at 07 August 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Addition during the period	2,83,633.80	4,70,100.29	6,48,574.93	1,729.00	290.63	17.92	74.28	14,04,420.85
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	**2,83,633.80**	**4,70,100.29**	**6,48,574.93**	**1,729.00**	**290.63**	**17.92**	**74.28**	**14,04,420.85**
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance as at 07 August 2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Charge during the year	-	229.04	580.18	6.13	4.89	1.51	2.56	824.30
Disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2024	**-**	**229.04**	**580.18**	**6.13**	**4.89**	**1.51**	**2.56**	**824.30**
Net block								
Balance as at 31 March 2024	**2,83,633.80**	**4,69,871.25**	**6,47,994.75**	**1,722.88**	**285.75**	**16.41**	**71.72**	**14,03,596.55**

Refer note 36 for details of assets pledged.

4 Capital Work-In-Progress

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
Capital work-in-progress	
Opening balance	-
Addition during the period	15,49,170.31
Transfer to property, plant and equipment	(11,18,675.21)
Closing balance	4,30,495.10
Total	

Capital work-in-progress ageing schedule for the year ended 31 March 2024 is as follows

Particular	Amount in CWIP for a period of				
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	Total
Project in progress as of 31 March 2024	4,30,495.10	-	-	-	4,30,495.10

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
5 Other financial assets - non current	
Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity*	44,768.95
Security deposits	2,787.00
	47,555.95

*Bank deposits of Rs. 44,768.95 thousands is pledged with banks on account of EPCG license.

6 Deferred tax assets/liabilities (net)

Deferred tax assets arising on:	
Unabsorbed depreciation and business losses	12,753.10
Employee benefits	122.48
Deferred tax liabilities	
Property, plant and equipment	12,258.07
Coumpound financial instruments	47,486.43
	(46,868.92)
Deferred tax assets	**(46,868.92)**

Particulars (2023-24)	As at 07 August 2023	Recognise through Other Equity	(Expenses)/ benefit recognised in statement of profit and loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income/ other equity	As at 31 March 2024
Assets					
Unabsorbed depreciation	-	-	12,753.10	-	12,753.10
Employee benefits	-	-	122.48	-	122.48
Liabilities					
Coumpound financial instruments	-	(47,486.43)	-	-	(47,486.43)
Property, plant and equipment	-	-	(12,258.07)	-	(12,258.07)
Total	-	**(47,486.43)**	**617.51**	-	**(46,868.92)**

Effective tax reconciliation

Particulars	For the period from 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024
Profit before tax	(4,334.29)
Applicable tax rate*	17.16%
Expected tax expense [A]	**(743.76)**
Unabsorbed depreciation	(25,011.17)
Others	25,137.42
Total adjustments [B]	**126.25**
Actual tax expense [C=A+B]	**(617.51)**
Total tax incidence	(617.51)
Tax expense recognized in statement of profit and loss [D]	**(617.51)**

The applicable effective tax rate is the domestic tax rate applicable to the Company - 31 March 2024 : 17.16%.

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
7 Non-current tax assets (net)	
Advance income tax (net of provision)	357.02
	357.02
8 Other non current assets	
Capital advances	3,89,187.27
	3,89,187.27
9 Inventories	
Raw materials and components	21,531.91
Finished goods	209.43
	21,741.34
10 Trade receivables	
Considered good*	8,742.80
Considered doubtful	-
	8,742.80
Less:- Allowance for doubtful receivables	-
	8,742.80

*This includes trade receivable from holding company. (refer note 33)

Notes

Refer note 36 for information on assets under charges.

Refer note 31 for exposure the credit risk, loss allowance and aging analysis related to trade receivable.

Trade receivable ageing schedule as at 31 March 2024

31 March 2024	Outstanding for following periods from the due date of payment							
	Unbilled dues	Not due	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 years	1-2 years	2-3years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed trade receivable								
Considered good	-	8,742.80	-	-	-	-	-	**8,742.80**
Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disputed trade receivable								
Considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	**8,742.80**	-	-	-	-	-	**8,742.80**

11 Cash and cash equivalents	
Balances with bank - current accounts	3,27,746.23
	3,27,746.23
12 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	
Bank deposits with original maturity of more than three months but less than 12 months*	1,24,159.90
	1,24,159.90

*Bank deposits of Rs. 124,159.90 thousands is pledged with banks on account of LC margin.

13 Other financial assets	
Receivable from related party*	4,00,000.00
Security deposits	32.00
	4,00,032.00

* Refer note 33 for related party

14 Other current assets	
Advance to vendors	5,814.60
Deposits with government authorities	57,189.88
Prepaid expenses	6,106.97
Other assets	9,271.44
	78,382.89

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

15 Equity share capital

The financial statements represent a legal entity structure. The share capital of the company as below.

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount
Authorised	1,56,60,000	1,56,600
Issued and subscribed and fully paid up	4,10,000	4,100
Total	**4,10,000**	**4,100**

1. Reconciliation of equity share capital outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Particulars	For the period from 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount
Issued during the period	4,10,000	4,100
Outstanding at the end of the period	4,10,000	4,100

2. Shares held by Holding Company

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	
	Number of shares	Amount
SAEL Industries Limited*	4,10,000	4,100

**including share held by nominee shareholder*

3. Number of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% Shares in the Company

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	
	Number of shares	% Holding
SAEL Industries Limited*	4,10,000	99.99
Total	**4,10,000**	**99.99**

*including share held by nominee shareholder

4. Disclosure of shareholdings of promoters as follows

Particulars	Number of shares	
	Number of shares	% Holding
SAEL Industries Limited	4,09,999	99.99
Sukhbir Singh (Nominee of SAEL Industries Limited)	1	0.01
Total	**4,10,000**	**100.00**

5. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company have only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. If declared, the Company will pay dividends in Indian rupees.

In the event of liquidation of Company, the holders of equity shares of such Company will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders of the Company.

6. The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to a contract without payment being received in cash, allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares nor has there been any buy-back of shares since the inception of the Company.

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
16 Other equity	
Securities premium	
Addition during the period	1,56,000.00
Balances at the end of the period	**1,56,000.00**
Retained earnings	
Loss during the period	(3,716.78)
Balances at the end of the period	**(3,716.78)**
Contribution from Holding Company (net of tax)	
Opening balance	-
Movement during the period	2,29,241.01
Balances at the end of the period	**2,29,241.01**
Total other equity	**3,81,524.23**

Securities premium
Securities premium reserve represents premium received on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retained earnings
All the profits or losses made by the company are transferred to retained earnings from statement of profit and loss.

Contribution from Holding Company
Contribution from the Holding Company represents the excess of the discounted value of the interest-free borrowings obtained by the Company from its Holding Company (refer note 17).

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
17 Borrowings	
Secured*	
Term loans	
Term loan from bank	16,07,679.35
Unsecured	
Loan from related parties**	5,00,594.97
	21,08,274.32

* Refer note 32 for terms of borrowings.
* Refer note 33 for related party

** During the year, the Company has obtained non-current borrowings for its Holding company amounting to Rs. 7,31,995.15 thousand (31 March 2023: Rs. Nil) which is repayable after the expiry of 5 years.

These are interest-free loans and have been accounted at fair value as per Ind AS 109 "Financial Instruments". Pursuant to this accounting, the difference between gross proceeds and fair value has been shown as a "Contribution from the Holding Company".

18 Provisions (non-current)	
Provision for employee benefits	
Provision for gratuity (refer note 34)	350.08
	350.08
19 Borrowings	
Secured*	
Current maturity of non current borrowings	2,42,509.24
	2,42,509.24

* Refer note 32 for terms of borrowings.

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In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024

20 Trade payables

Due to others	22,864.80
	22,864.80

Following is the trade payable ageing:

Particulars	Not Due	Less than 1 year	1 year to 2 year	2 year to 3 year	More than 3 years	Total
31 March 2024	-	22,864.80	-	-	-	22,864.80

Note:-

a	Disclosure under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 ('MSMED Act, 2006'):	-
i)	The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year	-
ii)	The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16, along with the amounts of the payments made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during accounting year	-
iii)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payments (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006.	-
iv)	The amount if interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year, and	-
v)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006	-
		-

The above information regarding dues to Micro, Small and Medium enterprises as defined under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006 has been determined to the extend identified and information available with the Company pursuant to Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium enterprises Development Act (MSMED), 2006.

21 Other financial liabilities

Interest accrued but not due	7,686.98
Capital creditors	4,10,952.97
Employee related liabilities	25.30
Others	585.00
	4,19,250.25

22 Other current liabilities

Payable to statutory authorities	5,891.56
	5,891.56

23 Provisions (current)

Provision for employee benefits

Provision for gratuity (refer note 34)	3.74
Provision for compensated absences	359.92
	363.66

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	For the period from 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024
24 Revenue from operations	
Sale of goods	
Sale of solar module	7,806.08
	7,806.08
25 Other income	
Interest income on bank deposits	1,708.77
	1,708.77

Revenue from contracts with customers

a) Disaggregation of revenue

Set out below is the disaggregation of the company revenue from contracts with customers:

Particulars	For the period from 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024
(A) Revenue from contracts with customers	
Based on nature of goods/services	
Revenue from manufacturing of solar modules	7,806.08
(B) Other revenue	
(i) Interest income on bank deposits	1,708.77
Total revenue	**9,514.84**

Particulars	For the period from 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024
b) Reconciling the amount of revenue recognised in the statement of profit and loss with the contracted price	
Revenue as per contract	7,806.08
Revenue from contract with customers	**7,806.08**

c) Transaction price - remaining performance obligation

The remaining performance obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the Company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the Company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts as the revenue recognised corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Company's performance completed till the reporting period.

d) There is no significant estimate involved in the recognition of revenue from contract.

26 Cost of material consumed	
Cost of material consumed	6,486.38
	6,486.38

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In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	For the period from 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024
27 Changes in inventories of finished goods	
Opening stock of finished goods	-
Closing stock of finished goods	209.43
	(209.43)
28 Employee benefits expense	
Salaries, wages and bonus	1,074.07
Contribution to provident and other funds	14.58
	1,088.65
29 Finance costs	
Interest costs on:	
- borrowings	2,600.03
- others	781.57
	3,381.60
29 Depreciation and amortisation expenses	
Depreciation and amortisation expenses (refer note 3)	814.95
	814.95
30 Other expense	
Consumption of stores and spares	52.70
Rates and taxes	1,344.80
Insurance	22.49
Power and fuel	63.27
Payment to auditors (refer note (a) below)	650.00
Foreign exchange fluctuation (net)	31.39
Miscellaneous expenses	122.34
	2,286.99
Note:-	
a) payment to auditors	
-as auditor	650.00
	650.00

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31 Financial instruments

(i) Fair value hierarchy

There are no financial assets or liabilities measured at fair value in these financial statements.

(ii) Financial instruments by category

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	31 March 2024	
	FVTPL*	Amortised cost
Financial assets		
Other financial assets	-	4,47,587.95
Trade receivable	-	8,742.80
Cash and cash equivalents	-	3,27,746.23
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	-	1,24,159.90
Total financial assets	-	**9,08,236.89**
Financial liabilities		
Borrowings	-	23,50,783.56
Trade payables	-	22,864.80
Other financial liabilities	-	4,19,250.25
Total financial liabilities	-	**28,15,763.40**

**Fair value through Profit and Loss*

The amortised cost of the financial assets and liabilities approximate to the fair value on the respective reporting dates.

(iii) Risk management

The Company activities expose it to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the Company is exposed to and how the Company manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements.

(A) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

a) Credit risk management

i) Credit risk rating

The Company assesses and manages credit risk of financial assets based on following categories arrived on the basis of assumptions, inputs and factors specific to the class of financial assets.

A: Low credit risk on financial reporting date
B: Moderate credit risk
C: High credit risk

The Company provides for expected credit loss based on the following:

Asset group	Basis of categorisation	Provision for expected credit loss
Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivable and other financial assets	12 month expected credit loss

Based on business environment in which the Company operates, there have been no defaults on financial assets of the Company by the counterparties. Loss rates reflecting defaults are based on actual credit loss experience and considering differences between current and historical economic conditions.

Assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor declaring bankruptcy or a litigation decided against the Company. The Company continues to engage with parties whose balances are written off and attempts to enforce repayment. There have been no cases of write off with the Company.

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Credit rating	Particulars	31 March 2024
A: Low credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivable and other financial assets	9,08,236.89

b) Credit risk exposure

(i) Provision for expected credit losses

The Company provides for 12 month expected credit losses for following financial assets –

31 March 2024

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Estimated gross carrying amount at default	Expected credit losses	Carrying amount net of impairment provision
Cash and cash equivalents	3,27,746.23	-	3,27,746.23
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	1,24,159.90	-	1,24,159.90
Trade receivable	8,742.80	-	8,742.80
Other financial assets	4,47,587.95	-	4,47,587.95

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable banks with high quality external credit ratings.

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(B) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the Company operates.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities.

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

31 March 2024	On demand	Less than 1 year	1 - 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Non-derivatives					
Borrowings (including interest)	-	2,46,370.88	23,57,672.76	5,78,297.45	31,82,341.09
Trade payables	-	22,864.80	-	-	22,864.80
Other financial liabilities	-	4,19,250.25	-	-	4,19,250.25
Total	**-**	**6,88,485.93**	**23,57,672.76**	**5,78,297.45**	**36,24,456.14**

The gross outflows disclosed in the above table represent the contractual undiscounted cash flows relating to financial liabilities held for risk management purposes and which are not usually closed out before contractual maturity.

(C) Market risk

a) Foreign exchange risk

The Company does not have any foreign exchange risk as there are no foreign currency transactions

b) Interest rate risk

i) Liabilities

The Company policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. At 31 March 2024, the Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates. The Company investments in fixed deposits all pay fixed interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk:

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	31 March 2024
Variable rate borrowing	18,50,188.59
Fixed rate borrowing	5,00,594.97
Total borrowings	**23,50,783.56**

Sensitivity

Below is the sensitivity of profit or loss and equity changes in interest rates.

Particulars	31 March 2024
Interest sensitivity*	
Interest rates – increase by 100 basis points (31 March 2024: 100 basis points)	18,501.89
Interest rates – decrease by 100 basis points (31 March 2024: 100 basis points)	(18,501.89)

* Holding all other variables constant

ii) Assets

The Company fixed deposits are carried at amortised cost and are fixed rate deposits. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the deposits:

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	31 March 2024
Fixed rate deposits	1,68,928.85
Total deposits	**1,68,928.85**

c) Price risk

The Company does not have any other price risk than interest risk as disclosed above.

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(D) Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the parent. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximise the shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the requirements of the financial covenants. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by total capital plus net debt. The Company's policy is to keep an optimum gearing ratio. The Company includes within net debt, interest bearing loans and borrowings, trade payables, less cash and cash equivalents.

In Rs thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	**31 March 2024**
Borrowings	23,50,783.56
Trade payables	22,864.80
Other financial liabilities	4,19,250.25
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	3,27,746.23
Net debt	**24,65,152.37**
Equity	4,33,110.65
Total equity	**4,33,110.65**
Capital and net debt	**28,98,263.02**
Gearing ratio (%)	**85.06%**

In order to achieve this overall objective, the Company's capital management, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the interest bearing loans and borrowings that define capital structure requirements. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the lender to immediately call loans and borrowings.

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32 Term of borrowings

S. No.	Nature of loan	Borrowing from	Name of Bank/ Financial institution	Nature of security	Terms of repayment and interest rate
1	Term Loan	Bank	Indian Bank	(A) Charge is on entire movable & immovable fixed assets of the 2GW solar Module Manufacturing Plant located in village Patan, Kishangarh Distt. Ajmer, Rajasthan. (B) Company to create/maintain Debt Service reserve Account (DSRA) for 3 months principal and interest. (C) Pledge of 51% shares of the promoters from the equity contribution introduced for the proposed projects.	Indian bank term loan is of Rs 1,850,188.59 thousands @ 9.10% p.a. to 9.70% p.a. The loan is repayable in 20 Quaterly instalments starting from 30 September 2024 and ending in 30 June 2029.

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33 Related parties

I Names of related parties and related party relationship

The names of related parties where control exists and/or with whom transactions have taken place during the year and description of relationship as identified by the management are:

Holding Company
SAEL Industries Limited (w.e.f 07 August 2023)

Directors
Mr. Jasbir Singh
Mr. Laxit Awla

d) Entities over which key managerial persons and their relative are able to exercise significant influence
Name of the Entity
SAEL Solar P8 Private Limited
SAEL Solar P7 Private Limited
SAEL Solar Mfg Private Limited

II Transactions with related parties and outstanding balances

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

S. No.	Particulars	For the period ended 31 March 2024
(A)	**Transaction with related parties**	
1	**Land purchase**	
	SAEL Solar P8 Private Limited	15,300.00
	SAEL Solar P7 Private Limited	13,100.00
2	**Raw material purchase**	
	SAEL Solar Mfg Private Limited	14,481.48
3	**Issue of shares (including securities premium)**	
	SAEL Industries Limited	1,60,100.00
4	**Amount paid for land purchased**	
	SAEL Solar P8 Private Limited	15,147.00
	SAEL Solar P7 Private Limited	12,969.00
5	**Advance given to Holding Company**	
	SAEL Industries Limited	4,00,000.00
6	**Non Current Borrowings**	
	SAEL Industries Limited	7,31,995.15
7	**Finance cost on borrowings taken from Holding Company**	
	SAEL Industries Limited	45,327.26

S. No.	Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
(B)	**Outstanding balances**	
1	**Advance given to Holding Company**	
	SAEL Industries Limited	4,00,000.00
2	**Contribution from Holding Company**	
	SAEL Industries Limited	2,76,727.43
3	**Non-current borrowings**	
	SAEL Industries Limited	5,00,594.97
4	**Equity Share Capital (including premium)**	
	SAEL Industries Limited	1,60,100.00
5	**Payables for land purchase**	
	SAEL Solar P8 Private Limited	153.00
	SAEL Solar P7 Private Limited	131.00
6	**Payable to related party**	
	SAEL Solar Mfg Private Limited	14,481.48

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited

34 Employee benefits

Defined contribution

Contributions are made to the recognised provident and family pension fund, cover all eligible employees under applicable Acts. Both the employees and the Company make pre-determined contributions to the provident fund. The contributions are normally based upon a proportion of the employee's salary. The Company has recognized an amount of Rs. 14.58 thousands towards employer's contribution in provident fund during the period 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024 and other funds in the statement of profit and loss.

Defined benefit obligation

Provision for gratuity, payable to eligible employees on retirement/separation, is based upon an actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date. Major drivers in actuarial assumptions, typically, are years of service and employee compensation. The obligations are actuarially determined using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' as at the balance sheet date. Gains/ losses on changes in actuarial assumptions are accounted in Other Comprehensive Income as identified by the management of the Company.

Other long term employee benefits

Provision for compensated absences, payable to eligible employees on availment/ retirement/ separation, is based upon an actuarial valuation as at the balance sheet date. Major drivers in actuarial assumptions, typically, are years of service and employee compensation. The obligation are actuarially determined using the 'Projected Unit Credit Method' as at the balance sheet date. Gains/ losses on changes in actuarial assumptions are accounted in Other Comprehensive Income.

In Rs. thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Gratuity
	31 March 2024
Reconciliation of liability recognised in the Balance sheet:	
Present value of commitments	353.83
Fair value of plan assets	
Net liability in the balance sheet	353.83
Movement in net liability recognised in the Balance sheet:	
Net liability as at the beginning of the period	-
Net amount recognised as expenses in the statement of profit and loss	353.83
Contribution paid to the fund	-
Remeasurements-actuarial (gains) / losses	-
Net liability as at the end of the period	**353.83**
Expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss	
Current service cost	184.84
Past service cost	168.98
Interest cost	-
Expenses charged to the statement of profit and loss*	**353.83**
Component of defined benefit cost recognised in other comprehensive income	-

Particulars	Gratuity
	31 March 2024
Reconciliation of defined-benefit commitments:	
Obligations as at the beginning of the period	-
Current service cost	184.84
Past service cost	168.98
Interest cost	-
Remeasurements- actuarial (gains) / losses	-
Obligations as at the end of the year	**353.83**

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Breakup of actuarial (gain) / loss

Particulars	31 March 2024
Actuarial (gain)/loss on arising from change in financial assumption	-
Actuarial (gain)/loss on arising from experience adjustment	-
Total actuarial (gain)/loss	-

The actuarial valuation in respect of commitments and expenses relating to unfunded Gratuity are based on the following assumptions which if changed, would affect the commitment's size, funding requirements and expenses:

(a) Economic assumptions

Particulars	31 March 2024
Discount rate	7.22%
Expected rate of salary increase	8.00%

(b) Demographic assumptions

Particulars	31 March 2024
Retirement age	58 years
Mortality table	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (IALM) (2012-14)

(c) Sensitivity analysis of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	Gratuity 31 March 2024
a) Impact of the change in discount rate	
i) Impact due to increase of 0.50%	(26.05)
ii) Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	28.94
b) Impact of the change in salary increase	
i) Impact due to increase of 0.50%	28.58
ii) Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	(25.99)

Sensitivities due to mortality and withdrawals are not material & hence impact of change not calculated.

Sensitivities as to rate of inflation, rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement & life expectancy are not applicable being a lump sum benefit on retirement.

(d) Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation (undiscounted)

Particulars	Gratuity 31 March 2024
Less than 1 year	3.74
Year 1 to 5	19.13
More than 5 years	330.95

The contribution expected to be made by the Company during the next financial year 2024-25 of Rs. 458.15 thousands (2023- 24: Rs.Nil thousand)

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35 Earnings per share

Both the basic and diluted earnings per share have been calculated using the profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company as the numerator, i.e. no adjustments to profit were necessary.

The reconciliation of the weighted average number of shares for the purposes of diluted earnings per share to the weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share is as follows:

In Rs thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	For the period from 07 August 2023 to 31 March 2024
Loss attributable to owners	(3,716.78)
Number of equity shares	4,10,000
Weighted average number of shares used in diluted earnings per share	77,945
Weighted average number of shares used in basic earnings per share	77,945
Basic loss per share	(47.68)
Diluted loss per share	(47.68)

36 Details of assets pledged

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

In Rs thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
Current	
Inventories	21,741.34
Trade receivables	8,742.80
Cash and cash equivalents	3,27,746.23
Other bank balances	1,24,159.90
Other financial assets	4,00,032.00
Other current assets	15,086.04
Total	**8,97,508.31**
Non-current	
Property, plant and equipment	14,03,596.55
Capital work-in-progress	4,30,495.10
Other financial assets	47,555.95
Capital advance	3,89,187.27
Total	**22,70,834.87**

37 Capitalisation of Pre-operative

In Rs thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
Opening balance	-
Bank charges	15,384.56
Rent & hire charges	971.93
Depreciation & amortisation	9.35
Power & fuel expense	9,060.62
Security services	423.39
Insurance expense	782.63
Rates & taxes	2,557.60
Finance costs	7,774.82
Legal & professional	6,856.98
Travelling and conveyance	22.84
Employee benefit expenses	4,064.15
Miscellaneous expenses	584.11
Less:- Transfer to property plant and equipment	(36,040.79)
Net amount included in capital work in progress	**12,452.18**

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38 Reconciliation of liabilities from financing activities

In Rs thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars (2023-24)	Balance as at 07 August 2023	Cash flows		Non cash changes	As at 31 March 2024
		Additions	Payments		
Non current borrowings (including current maturities)	-	2,591,362.56	-	(240,579.00)	2,350,783.56
Interest accrued on borrowings	-	-	5,050.48	2,636.50	7,686.98
Total liabilities from financial activities	**-**	**2,591,362.56**	**5,050.48**	**(237,942.50)**	**2,358,470.54**

39 Capital commitment

In Rs thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024
Capital commitment	274,095.96
Total	**274,095.96**

40 Contingent liabilities

In Rs thousands unless otherwise stated

Particulars	Export Obligation 31 March 2024
Export Promotion Capital Goods (EPCG) - export obligation (refer note 'a' below)	274,095.96

Note a - During the previous year, the Company imported solar module manufacturing equipment from Yingkou Jinchen Machinery Co. Ltd (China), GSOLAR Power Co. Ltd (China), and Hangzhou Freedam Import & Export Co. Ltd (China) under the Export Promotion Capital Goods (EPCG) scheme of Foreign Trade Policy.

The EPCG scheme permits the import of capital goods required for pre-production, production, and post-production activities at zero customs duty. Accordingly, the Company availed this benefit and imported the machinery without payment of customs duty.

However, this exemption is subject to a condition of fulfilling an Export Obligation (EO) equivalent to six times the amount of duty, taxes, and cess saved on the imported capital goods. The EO must be fulfilled within six years from the date of issuance of the EPCG Authorization. Hence, the Company is obligated to meet the prescribed export commitment against the duty saved.

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Notes to Financial Statements for the period ended 31 March 2024

41 Additional regulatory disclosures

a) The followings are the analytical ratio for the period ended 31 March 2024

Ratios	Numerator	Denominator	31 March 2024
Current Ratio	Total current assets	Total current liabilities	1.39
Debt Equity Ratio	Debts consist of borrowings and lease liabilities	Total equity	5.43
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Earning for debts service = net profit after taxes + non-cash opearting expenses + interest + other non-cash adjustments	Debts service = Interest and lease payment + principal repayment	Not Applicable
Return on Equity Ratio (%)	Profit for the year less preference dividend (if any)	Average total equity	-1.72%
Inventory Turnover Ratio	Cost of good sold	Average inventory	0.58
Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Average trade receivable	1.79
Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	Cost of equipments and software licences + other expenses	Average trade payable	2.45
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Revenue from operations	Average working capital (i.e. total current assets less total current liabilities	0.03
Net Profit Ratio (%)	Profit for the year	Revenue from operations	-47.61%
Return on Capital Employed (%)	Profit before tax and finances cost	Capital employed = Total assets - current liabilities	-0.03%
Return on Investment(%)	Income generated from invested funds	Average invested funds in treasury investments	2.02%

Reasons for variance :

* The project operated by the entity is commissioned & operationed as on 26 March 2024 in the current period ended 31 March 2024 and still in initial phase of business operations as on 31st March 2024, so majority of the ratios was not applicable to the Company and there are significant movements in the ratios which are applicable.

b) The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or any other lender.

c) The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction, which is yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies, beyond the statutory period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder.

d) The Company has not entered into any transaction which has not been recorded in the books of account, that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

e) The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the year.

f) The Company does not have any Benami property and further, no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company, in this regard.

g) The Company has not entered into any transactions with struck off companies, as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder.

h) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

i) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
(ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

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SAEL Solar P6 Private Limited
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Notes to Financial Statements for the period ended 31 March 2024

42 Segment reporting

The company is engaged in the business of sale of electricity. Chief Opearting Decision Maker (CODM) reviews the financial information of the Company as a whole for decision- making and accordingly the Company has a single reportable segment. All the revenue has been billed to a single customer. Further the operations of the Company are limited within one geographical segment. Hence no further disclosure is required to be made by the company.

43 Audit Trail

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has prescribed a new requirement for companies under the proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 inserted by the Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules, 2021 requiring companies, which uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account, shall use only such accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction, creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made and ensuring that the audit trail cannot be disabled.

The Company used accounting software for maintenance of books of accounts. The accounting software has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility, however, the audit trail (edit log) for accounting records was not enabled from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024.

44 Subsequent event

The Company has evaluated events and transactions, which occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the date when financial statements were available to be issued. There were no material subsequent event which are required to be disclosed.

For Walker Chandiok & Co LLP
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 001076N/N500013

Danish Ahmed
Partner
Membership no. 523144

Place: New Delhi
Date: 22 May 2024

For G.D. Singhal & Associates
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.: 017648N

FRM : 017648N
FEROZEPUR CITY

Gagan Deep Singhal
Partner
Membership no. 098947

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Jasbir Singh
Director
DIN no - 01668231

Laxit Awla
Director
DIN no - 06976288